Council on Education for Public Health Adopted on December 15, 2023

REVIEW FOR ACCREDITATION

OF THE

SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH

AT THE

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY

COUNCIL ON EDUCATION FOR PUBLIC HEALTH

SITE VISIT DATES: April 24-26, 2023

SITE VISIT TEAM:

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CRITERIA:

Accreditation Criteria for Schools of Public Health & Public Health Programs, amended August 2021

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INTRODUCTION

State law established the University of California (UC) in 1868 by merging the College of California and the Agricultural, Mining, and Mechanical Arts College, a land grant institution. This original University of California was built in Berkeley on the territory of xučyun (Huichin), the ancestral and unceded land of the Chochenyo speaking Ohlone people, the successors of the sovereign Verona Band of Alameda County. UC Berkeley is part of the UC system, which includes nine other campuses located throughout the state. The Board of Regents and the UC Office of the President govem the UC system campuses, and each campus maintains a distinct identity.

UC Berkeley houses the following fourteen colleges, schools, and divisions: colleges of engineering, environmental design, letters and science, and natural resources; schools of business, information, law, optometry, public health, public policy, and social welfare; graduate schools of education and journalism; and the division of computing, data science, and society. UC Berkeley offers undergraduate degrees in 80 majors and 120 graduate and professional programs, including 90 doctoral programs of study. As of October 2021, UC Berkeley enrolled 31,800 undergraduate and 13,200 graduate students and employed more than 3,000 faculty and nearly 3,200 other academic personnel.

The Western Association of Schools and Colleges (WASC) reaccredited UC Berkeley most recently in 2015, with the next full review scheduled for 2024. In addition to CEPH, the campus responds to seven other specialized accrediting bodies, including the Council on Social Work Education, Association to Advance Collegiate Schools of Business, Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology, and the National Architectural Accrediting Board.

The California state legislature established the School of Public Health in 1943. The school delivers public health programs at three degree levels that are housed within six academic divisions: biostatistics, community health sciences, environmental health sciences, epidemiology, health policy and management, and infectious diseases and vaccinology. The school offers a Bachelor of Arts in public health. It offers the MPH degree in ten concentrations: environmental health sciences; epidemiology; epidemiology/biostatistics; global health and environment; health and social behavior; health policy and management; infectious diseases and vaccinology; maternal, child, and adolescent health; and public health nutrition, as well as an interdisciplinary option. It also offers a generalist DrPH degree. The school offers an MA and PhD in biostatistics, and MS and PhD degrees in environmental health sciences and in epidemiology. Additionally, the school offers an MS in global health and environment, the PhD in infectious diseases and immunity, and three health policy concentrations: health economics, organizations and management, and population and data science. Qualified students can also enroll in the accelerated BA-MPH or one of six concurrent degree programs: MPH-MBA, MPH-MCP, MPH-MJ, MP-MPP, MPH-MSW, and MS-MD. As of fall 2022, the school enrolled 1,262 students: 406 undergraduates, 645 MPH students (including 13 accelerated BA-MPH and 47 joint MPH students), 57 MA/MS students (including 33 joint MD-MS students), 42 DrPH students, and 112 PhD students.

The American Public Health Association accredited the school in 1946 as the first accredited school of public health west of the Mississippi River. The school has maintained accreditation since then. The most recent CEPH accreditation review occurred in spring 2016, and the school received an accreditation term of seven years. Since that time, the school has submitted interim reports resulting from compliance and substantive change reviews in 2018 and 2020 related to MPH foundational and concentration curricula. The Council acted to accept those reports as evidence of compliance in these areas.

Instructional Matrix - Degrees and Concentrations						
Bachelor's Degrees	Categorized as public health	Place based	Distance based			
Public Health		ВА	Х	BA		
Master's Degrees	Academic	Professional				
Biostatistics	MA		Х	MA		
Environmental Health Sciences	MS	MPH	Х	MS, MPH		
Epidemiology	MS	MPH	Х	MS, MPH		
Epidemiology/Biostatistics		MPH	Х	MPH	MPH	
Global Health & Environment	MS	MPH	Х	MS, MPH		
Health & Medical Sciences*	MS		Х	MS		
Health & Social Behavior		MPH	Х	MPH		
Health Policy & Management		MPH	Х	MPH	MPH	
Infectious Diseases & Vaccinology		MPH	Х	MPH		
Interdisciplinary		MPH	Х	MPH	MPH	
Maternal, Child, & Adolescent Health		MPH	Х	MPH		
Public Health Nutrition		MPH	Х	MPH	MPH	
Doctoral Degrees	Academic	Professional				
Public Health		DrPH	Х	DrPH		
Biostatistics	PhD		Х	PhD		
Environmental Health Sciences	PhD		Х	PhD		
Epidemiology	PhD		Х	PhD		
Health Policy: Health Economics	PhD		Х	PhD		
Health Policy: Organizations and Management	PhD		Х	PhD		
Health Policy: Population and Data Science	PhD		Х	PhD		
Infectious Diseases & Immunity	PhD		Х	PhD		

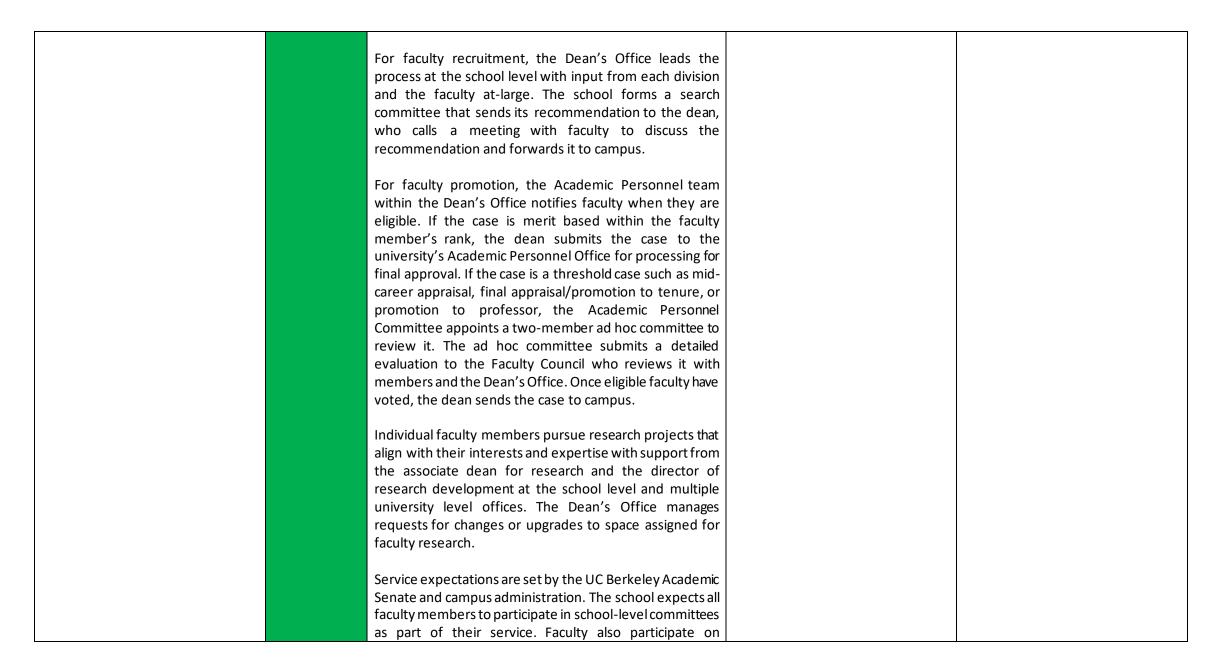
Joint Degrees (Dual, Combined, Concurrent, Accelerated Degrees)		Academic	Professional	Categorized as public health	Place based	Distance based
2nd Degree Area	Public Health Concentration					
Accelerated Bachelor's to MPH (4+1)	Epidemiology/Biostatistics, Maternal, Child, & Adolescent Health, Public Health Nutrition		BA-MPH	X	BA-MPH	
Master of Business Administration (MBA)	Health Policy & Management		MPH-MBA	Х	MPH	
Master of City Planning (MCP)	Environmental Health Sciences, Health & Social Behavior		MPH-MCP	X	MPH	
Master of Journalism (MJ)	Environmental Health Sciences, Epidemiology/Biostatistics Health & Social Behavior, Infectious Diseases & Vaccinology		MPH-MJ	X	МРН	
Master of Public Policy (MPP)	Health Policy & Management		MPH-MPP	X	MPH	
Master of Social Welfare (MSW)	Health & Social Behavior, Maternal, Child, & Adolescent Health		MPH-MSW	Х	MPH	
Medical Doctorate (MD)	Health & Medical Sciences*	MS-MD		X	MS	

*The Health and Medical Science concentration is available only to students enrolled in the UC Berkeley-UC San Francisco Joint Medical Program.

A1. ORGANIZATION & ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESSES

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
 Designates appropriate committees or individuals for decision making, and implementation Faculty have opportunities for input in all of the following: degree requirements curriculum design student assessment policies & processes admissions policies & decisions faculty recruitment & promotion research & service activities Ensures all faculty regularly interact with colleagues & are engaged in ways that benefit the instructional program 		The school has a well-defined structure with a dean; two associate deans; five assistant deans; one chief of diversity, equity, inclusion, and belonging; and six division chairs that allows for effective and efficient management of the school. The school has six standing committees: Faculty Council; Educational Policy and Curriculum Committee; Undergraduate Management Committee; Online Education Committee; Academic Personnel Committee; and Student Affairs Committee. Membership is different for each committee; however, generally, each committee includes faculty members from across divisions and, if appropriate, a student representative. The Faculty Council is the executive body of the school's faculty and includes six at-large voting members elected by the senate faculty with one representing each division. The Educational Policy and Curriculum Committee (EPCC) has many responsibilities including monitoring and evaluating degree requirements and curricula as well as recommending policy, criteria, and procedures (including assessment processes), and approves new courses.	Click here to enter text.	
		The Online Education Committee, a subcommittee of EPCC, recommends policies for online education, sets		

curricular priorities, and reviews faculty involvement in	
the online master's program.	
The Undergraduate Management Committee (UGMC),	
another sub-committee of EPCC, is responsible for	
reviewing the undergraduate curriculum and courses and	
recommends policy, criteria, procedures, prerequisites,	
and program revisions.	
· · ·	
After the EPCC, the university's Graduate Council or	
Undergraduate Council review and approve degree	
requirements, while the campus Committee on Courses of	
Instruction reviews and approves new courses,	
modification of existing courses, and requests for changes	
in course and graduation requirements.	
in course and graduation requirements.	
The Student Affairs Committee (COSA) advises student	
· · ·	
support services and faculty on policies to emphasize	
consideration of under-represented minorities and	
recommends policy, criteria, and procedures for	
scholarship, awards, and honors.	
Faculty admissions committees for each program set	
admissions criteria and send admissions decisions to the	
university's Graduate Division (the administrative agency	
of the Graduate Council) or Office of Undergraduate	
Admissions Undergraduate Committee for final approval.	
Admissions ondergraduate committee for final approval.	
The Academic Personnel Committee monitors and	
develops academic personnel policies and provides advice	
to the dean on a range of topics including personnel issues,	
appointment of ad hoc committees for faculty promotion	
or search, and equity and inclusion issues related to	
academic personnel.	
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university committees. For example, school faculty are members of the UC Berkley Academic Senate and Academic Senate committees including the Undergraduate Council; Committee of Research; and the Education Policy Committee.	
During the site visit, reviewers confirmed that faculty interact with each other through various means including monthly all-faculty meetings, regular division meetings, school committee meetings, Berkley Public Health Talks, town halls, and faculty retreats. Reviewers validated evidence of non-primary instructional faculty attendance at events through invitation lists with RSVP's tracked.	

A2. MULTI-PARTNER SCHOOLS & PROGRAMS

Criterion Elements	Compliance	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Finding			
	Not Applicable			

A3. STUDENT ENGAGEMENT

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met	1		
Students have formal methods to		Students have formal methods to participate in policy	Click here to enter text.	
participate in policy making &		making and decision making and are engaged as members		
decision making		of decision-making bodies. The school primarily engages		
Students engaged as members on		students in policy making and decision making through		
decision-making bodies, where		participation on school committees. Students sit on the		
appropriate		Faculty Council, as well as the Educational Policy and		
		Curriculum Committee and the Undergraduate		

Management Committee. The school also encourages	
students to participate in university level committees but	
does not track participation.	
Additionally, the School of Public Health Student	
Government, which consists of both graduate and	
undergraduate students, serves as the liaison between the	
larger student body and school administration. In	
collaboration with the dean and the assistant dean for	
students, the student government hosts monthly student	
town hall meetings where the dean and assistant dean	
provide updates. Students can also raise concerns or ask	
questions regarding their education or student	
experience.	
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The school also has 18 active student groups, including the	
Alianza Latine for Public Health Action and the Asian and	
Pacific Islander Women's Circle, that allow students to	
forge relationships with faculty in their areas of interest.	
Several students also engage in the Anti-Racist Community	
for Justice and Social Transformative Change Program and	
advocate for anti-racism curricular changes in the school.	
auvocate for anti-facisin carnealar changes in the school.	
Students and faculty who met with site visitors reported	
active student involvement with committee work, such as	
curriculum decisions.	

A4. AUTONOMY FOR SCHOOLS OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Operates at highest level of organizational status & independence		The school operates at an appropriate level of independence and organizational status. The school's dean and all other deans within the university report to the executive vice chancellor and provost, who reports to the president.		

A5. DEGREE OFFERINGS IN SCHOOLS OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Criterion Elements	Compliance	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Finding			
	Met			
Offers professional public health		The school offers an MPH in 10 distinct concentrations,	Click here to enter text.	
master's degree in at least three		exceeding this criterion's requirement. The school also		
distinct concentrations		exceeds this criterion's requirement for doctoral degrees,		
Offers public health doctoral degree		offering the DrPH) in one concentration and PhD in seven		
programs in at least two distinct		concentrations.		
concentrations				
		The instructional matrix in the introduction of this report		
		presents the school's entire list of degrees and		
		concentrations.		

B1. GUIDING STATEMENTS

Criterion Elements	Compliance	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Finding Met			
	IVIEL			
Defines a vision, mission statement,		The school's vision is "health equity and social justice for	Click here to enter text.	
goals, statement of values		all."		
Taken as a whole, guiding				
statements address instruction,		The school's mission is "to improve population health,		
scholarship, service		especially for the most vulnerable, through:		
Taken as a whole, guiding		• Transformational research on the major public health		
statements define plans to 1)		threats and opportunities of today and tomorrow		
advance the field of public health &		Preeminent education that challenges convention		
promote student success		and develops diverse leaders who transform the		
Guiding statements reflect		health of our communities		
aspirations & respond to needs of		Radical collaborations to meet priority health needs		
intended service area(s)		and achieve health equity in our increasingly diverse		
Guiding statements sufficiently		communities"		
specific to rationally allocate				
resources & guide evaluation of		The school defines a set of values and principles of		
outcomes		community that illustrate the overarching commitment to		
		inclusion and social justice.		
		Goals focus on innovation in research, changemaking		
		through education, and social impact through moral arc-		
		bending.		
		While the school does not target its efforts toward specific		
		geographic areas, the guiding statements emphasize		
		serving increasingly diverse communities, especially the		
		most vulnerable. They also seek to address the most		
		pressing public health threats, including climate change,		
		pandemics, chronic diseases, and social inequality.		

Taken together, the vision, mission, goals, and valu	s	
position the school to advance the field of public heal	h	
and promote student success through a focus of	n	
instruction, scholarship, and service. The guidi	g	
statements are both aspirational and specific enough	0	
clearly guide the school forward and allow evaluation	f	
outcomes.		

B2. EVALUATION AND QUALITY IMPROVEMENT

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Collects & reviews all measures in Appendix 1 Measures mission & goals & addresses unit's unique context Reviews & discusses data Makes data-driven quality improvements Consistently implements evaluation plan(s) over time		The school has a well-defined evaluation plan that focuses on student success and advancing the field of public health. Appropriate decision makers collect and review all measures included in the accreditation criteria, as well as data on self-defined indicators. Based on a review of the materials provided in the ERF, stakeholder groups throughout the school – including the Dean's Cabinet, the Public Health Alumni Association, program managers, and others — regularly review evaluation findings that school leaders communicate through targeted presentations during regularly scheduled meetings. The school consistently implements its strategic approach to evaluation over time.		
		school's current priorities that reflect their mission and goals. For example, one measure assesses success in faculty cluster hires to strengthen the school's ability to respond to the most pressing public health issues. Another		

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school-defined measure tracks student enrollment in	
designated "Changemaker" courses, which directly links to	
the school's educational goals.	
The school provides evidence of the translation of	
evaluation findings into programmatic changes. For	
example, the school notes a 64% increase in enrollment in	
online courses among students in on-campus programs. In	
response, the school increased advising to ensure that	
students enroll in appropriate online courses and took	
steps to increase collaboration between on-campus and	
online programs for better curricular alignment. The two	
other specific examples outlined by the school show a	
similarly explicit process for careful review of relevant data	
and involvement of critical decision-makers in changes	
aligned with the school's mission and goals.	
aligned with the school's mission and goals.	
During the site visit, school leaders remarked on the value	
of developing a comprehensive evaluation plan	
concurrently with updates to the strategic plan, ensuring	
alignment between the two. They emphasized the	
importance of including all voices in the process, as well as	
the importance of collecting real time data to allow for real	
time improvements. Examples included the following:	
using student exit surveys and course evaluations to	
quickly identify faculty who could benefit from additional	
teaching support; tracking trends in research metrics to	
identify faculty who need to increase research productivity	
to be successful in merit and promotion reviews; and	
implementing pulse surveys (twice per semester) to gain	
actionable data on climate issues that school leaders can	
promptly address. The site visit team heard about the use	
of data to guide decision making throughout the site visit	
from various offices and teams within the school,	

demonstrating a strong commitment to data-driven	
quality improvement throughout the school.	

B3. GRADUATION RATES

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Collects, analyzes & accurately presents graduation rate data for each public health degree offered Achieves graduation rates of at least 70% for bachelor's & master's degrees, 60% for doctoral degrees		The school reports graduation rates for each degree offered, all of which exceed the CEPH-defined thresholds. Bachelor's students (BA) have two years to complete the program, and the school begins counting students one term after they declare the major, typically in the spring term of the academic year. The school presents graduation rates beginning with the 2019-20 cohort, which reported a 94% graduation rate. Subsequent cohorts have enough students actively enrolled to make it possible to meet or exceed this criterion's 70% threshold.	Click here to enter text.	
		MPH students have five years to complete the degree, and the school presents graduation rates for each degree program beginning with the 2017-18 cohort, which reported a 94% rate. The next two cohorts exceed this criterion's threshold prior to meeting the maximum time to graduation, and subsequent cohorts have enough students enrolled to make it possible to exceed or meet this criterion's 70% threshold. MA and MS students have four years to complete the degree, and the school presents graduation rates for each degree program beginning with the 2018-19 cohort. The first two cohorts presented a 100% and 95% rate,		

exceeding this criterion's 70% threshold. Subsequent MA and MS cohorts have enough students enrolled to make it	
possible to meet or exceed the threshold.	
Doctoral students (DrPH and PhD) have six years to	
complete the degree. The school presents data beginning	
with the 2016-17 cohort, which indicate a 100%	
graduation rate for DrPH students and an 85% graduation	
rate for PhD students. Graduation rates across subsequent	
cohorts, based on the number of students still enrolled in	
each cohort at the time of the site visit, all have the	
potential to meet or exceed this criterion's 60% threshold.	
According to data the school presents in the self-study	
document, doctoral students across all eight	
concentrations are progressing through their programs of	
study in a timely manner.	

B4. POST-GRADUATION OUTCOMES

Criterion Elements	Compliance	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Finding			
	Met			
Collects, analyzes & presents data		The school collects post-graduation placement	Click here to enter text.	
on graduates' employment or		information for each of its public health degree offerings		
enrollment in further education		with an exit survey distributed to students in the weeks		
post-graduation for each public		prior to graduation and supplements these data through		
health degree offered		personal outreach or internet searches to minimize		
Chooses methods explicitly		unknown outcomes. The school achieves post-graduation		
designed to minimize number of		outcome rates, most of which exceed the 80% CEPH-		
students with unknown outcomes		defined threshold.		
Achieves rates of at least 80%				
employment or enrollment in		The data represented graduates for the three years of		
		2020 through 2022. Bachelor's graduates with known		

further education for each public	outcomes report positive placements in the last three	
health degree	outcomes report positive placements in the last three	
	years, with 96-100% reporting employment,	
	enrollment in further education, or not seeking	
	employment or continuing education by choice	
	(known outcomes of 93%, 79%, and 83%).	
	All MA and MS graduates in the 2020, 2021, and 2022	
	cohorts report being employed or enrolled in further	
	education. The school reports known outcomes for 100%	
	of the MA and MS cohorts for all three years.	
	Nearly all MPH graduates with known outcomes report	
	positive placement in the last three years (99%, 100%,	
	99%). All graduates report positive placement except for	
	five MPH graduates who reported they were actively	
	seeking employment or enrollment in further education	
	(known outcomes of 93%, 92%, 91%).	
	All doctoral program graduates report being employed or	
	continuing education/training in the last three years. The	
	school reported zero unknown DrPH and one unknown	
	PhD outcome for each of the past three years.	

B5. ALUMNI PERCEPTIONS OF CURRICULAR EFFECTIVENESS

Criterion Elements	Compliance	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Finding			
	Met			
Defines qualitative &/or		The school collects quantitative and qualitative data on	The 2023 BPH Alumni Survey was	The Council reviewed the school's
quantitative methods designed to		alumni perceptions of the curriculum and preparation for	distributed in September 2023 to	response, including attachments,
provide meaningful, useful		post-graduation placements using an alumni survey. The	recent MPH, DrPH, MA, MS, PhD,	and concluded that the school has
information on alumni perceptions		Dean's Office partnered with RISE: Berkeley Public Health	and BA graduates and collected	demonstrated compliance with this

	Company & Londowskip Office in July 2022 to gilat a surray		with view The water at the Courseil
Documents & regularly examines its	Careers & Leadership Office in July 2022 to pilot a survey	quantitative and qualitative data on	criterion. Therefore, the Council
methodology & outcomes to ensure	of recent alumni. They deployed the survey to individuals		acted to change the team's finding
useful data	who had graduated from the MPH and DrPH programs in		of partially met to a finding of met.
Data elicit information on skills	the years 2019, 2020, and 2021, targeting graduates with		
most useful in post-graduation	the most exposure to the current curriculum. A total of		
placements, areas in which alumni	113 respondents completed the survey: 110 MPH	•	
feel well prepared & areas in which	graduates and three DrPH graduates.	leadership and program	
alumni would have benefitted from		representatives, and appendix with	
additional preparation	The survey collected responses using Likert scales of	data by degree and program are	
	preparedness and relevance in nine competency areas. At	provided with the school response	
	least 80% of respondents reported feeling moderately to	(see attachment B5.1 Alumni	
	extremely prepared in each competency area: diversity	Survey).	
	and culture (93%), evidence-based approaches to public		
	health (92%), systems thinking (87%), planning and		
	management to promote health (86%), interprofessional		
	practice (86%), public health and health care systems		
	(84%), communication (84%), policy in public health (82%),		
	and leadership (80%). Twenty-one percent of respondents		
	felt slightly or not at all prepared in the leadership		
	competency area.		
	Additionally, alumni selected which courses were		
	important to their development for each competency		
	area. Results reflect the effectiveness of program		
	requirements in developing the foundational		
	competencies, with respondents most frequently citing a		
	breadth course as most important, followed by a required		
	program course and a required applied practice		
	experience.		
	In terms of qualitative feedback, the survey included open-		
	ended questions asking about ways in which their		
	education could have better prepared them for their		
	current job/career, the school's anti-racism workshops		

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and classes, meaningful community service activities, and		
meaningful professional development activities.		
The school found that the feedback was useful and		
informed specific competency areas to improve and		
strengthen in program curricula. During the site visit,		
school leaders said that the findings were consistent with		
what faculty found through other methods such as course		
evaluations and informal feedback.		
evaluations and informal reedback.		
The school would like to increase future response rates.		
Plans include reducing the number of optional and open-		
ended questions, encouraging faculty to send reminders		
to alumni of their programs, addressing the survey to		
preferred email addresses not associated with UC		
Berkeley, and continuing to enter alumni who complete		
the survey into a raffle for gift cards.		
The concern relates to the fact that the school has not		
collected and reviewed alumni perceptions data from		
degree programs other than the MPH; although DrPH		
graduates were included in the data collection, the		
responses were not sufficient for meaningful		
interpretation. The school plans to incorporate		
improvements to the alumni survey based on findings		
from the pilot and will deploy it annually to all degree		
programs, including the BA, MA, MS, and PhD, starting in		
2023. During the site visit, reviewers verified the school's		
plan to integrate all degree programs into the annual cycle		
of collecting and analyzing data from alumni surveys		
starting in the next academic year to ensure that feedback		
is representative of the overall student body at all degree		
levels.		
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C1. FISCAL RESOURCES

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Financial resources currently adequate to fulfill stated mission & goals & sustain degree offerings Financial support appears sufficiently stable at time of site visit		The school's financial resources are adequate to advance the mission and sustain degree offerings. The school has achieved a balanced budget over the past four years. Although school leaders note that the impact of the university's new financial sustainability plan on general funds remains uncertain, school leaders are advocating for increased weighting of graduate student credit hours if general fund allocations will be based in part on student credit hours.		
		Revenue from tuition and fees has increased by 70% from \$6.4 to \$10.9 million in five years, primarily from a 78% increase in student enrollment in the online MPH program. Philanthropy income through gifts and endowments has remained strong, averaging \$12.8 million annually. The school expected a 23% decrease in contract and grant funding over the five-year period due to a generational transition in faculty. School leaders anticipate that this trend will reverse as junior faculty become more established and their grant funding rates increase. During the site visit, university leaders noted that the new budgeting process will give deans more autonomy on spending and reward stewardship of resources.		
		Annually, the university issues a budget call. The call requires the school to submit a balanced budget and, if this is not possible, provide strong rationale and request approval to draw down on reserves. The school prepares a		

	budget at the unit level (e.g., academic division, research	
	center, student services, etc.). The school plans include	
	expectations for research units to operate within	
	projected research funding levels; for administrative units	
	to operate with campus directed salary increases and	
	modest non-salary related cost increases; and for	
	academic units to include funding for ladder-rank faculty	
	salary costs and allocated additional funding to cover	
	temporary academic salary support and non-salary related	
	expenses based on a formula that considers student	
	enrollment, student credit hours, and graduate student	
	researcher opportunities.	
	The dean and the school's chief financial officer reviewany	
	budget requests that exceed the prior year's budget and	
	prioritize these requests for funding based on the critical	
	nature of the request and breadth of impact funding the	
	ask will have on the school. The school allocates any	
	projected surplus to fund the highest priority requests.	
	Support for faculty salaries varies by appointment type.	
	University general funds, which are state funds, and other	
	central resources (primarily tuition) cover ladder-rank	
	faculty salaries each academic year. General funds	
	primarily cover teaching salaries for in-residence faculty,	
	adjunct faculty, and lecturers. A combination of contracts	
	and grants, gifts, and other incomes cover the remaining	
	academic year salary for these appointment types and for	
	summer salaries. A standard pay scale with rank and steps,	
	adjusted for market competitiveness and cost of living,	
	determines faculty salary. Union rules establish lecturer	
	salary.	

Approval for a new faculty position is determined during	
the annual budget process based on the school's five-year	
faculty recruitment strategic plan and the annua	
academic faculty recruitment plan. The dean's office leads	
this process with input from each division and the faculty	
at-large. The university requires that the Budget	
Committee of the Academic Senate and the executive vice	
chancellor/provost approve requests for funding for new	
primary faculty. During the site visit, the executive vice	
chancellor described efforts to secure funding to grow the	
number of ladder-track positions. They already have	
added 37 new positions across the university toward a goa	
of 100 new hard money faculty positions.	
General fund allocations cover operational costs such as	
supplies, materials, equipment, services, rent, utilities,	
and miscellaneous expenses. General funds do not	
automatically cover operational cost increases over the	
years, so the school has allocated a combination of	
additional sources including contract and grant funding,	
tuition from the school's self-supporting graduate degree	
program (online MPH), professional degree supplemental	
tuition, and gifts, including endowments.	
Funding for student support comes from gifts and	
endowments, contracts and grants, business contracts,	
tuition, and general funds. The school provides direct	
financial support to students through scholarships. In	
2021-22, this support amounted to \$4.6 million. Students	
can earn additional support through graduate student	
researcher, instructor, reader, and tutor positions offered	
throughout the school. In 2021-22, students holding these	
positions earned close to \$3.9 million in salary and	
\$3 million in fee remission.	

Faculty development funding varies by appointment type and by individual. New senate faculty negotiate	
development expenses as a portion of start-up funds during the hiring process. Both senate and non-senate faculty can build up discretionary funds for development expenses with salary offsets through contracts, grants, and consulting services.	

C2. FACULTY RESOURCES

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
School employs at least 21 PIF; or program employs at least 3 PIF 3 faculty members per concentration area for all concentrations; at least 2 are PIF; double-counting of PIF is appropriate, if applicable		The school has adequate faculty resources to support all degree offerings, and all concentrations meet the minimum primary instructional faculty (PIF) requirements. As of spring 2023, the school reported 54 PIF and 117 non-PIF. All PIF are allocated to the school at 1.0 FTE. Reviewers verified suitable double counting of PIF when applicable.		
Additional PIF for each additional degree level in concentration; double-counting of PIF is appropriate, if applicable		Academic and career advising averages appear adequate based on degree and student needs. Each faulty advisor provides academic advising and career counseling to an average of eight bachelor's, 12 master's, and four doctoral		
Ratios for general advising & career counseling are appropriate for degree level & type Ratios for MPH ILE are appropriate for degree level & nature of assignment		students. Faculty advise approximately four bachelor's students in cumulative or experiential activities. Advising for the integrative experiences average seven MPH students and two DrPH students per faculty member. Advising for academic degrees averages four master's		

Ratios for bachelor's cumulative or	theses and three doctoral dissertations per faculty		
experiential activity are	member.		
appropriate, if applicable			
Ratios for mentoring on doctoral	The self-study presents quantitative and qualitative data		
students' integrative project are	from the 2022 exit survey according to degree level, with		
appropriate, if applicable	response rates of 71% for undergraduates and 66% for		
Students' perceptions of class size	graduates. Regarding class size, 71% of bachelor's		
& its relation to quality of learning	respondents, 89% of master's respondents, and 83% of		
are positive (note: evidence may be	doctoral respondents agreed that class size was conducive		
collected intentionally or received	to their learning. Similarly, 82% of bachelor's, 78% of		
as a byproduct of other activities)	master's, and 82% of doctoral respondents were satisfied		
Students are satisfied with faculty	or very satisfied with the availability of instructional		
availability (note: evidence may be	faculty.		
collected intentionally or received			
as a byproduct of other activities)	Reviewers validated student satisfaction with these two		
	measures during the site visit meeting with students		
	representing all degree levels, concentrations, and		
	delivery formats.		
	As noted in Criterion B5, the exit survey asks open-ended		
	questions to elicit feedback on faculty qualifications,		
	overall learning experience, school strengths, and school		
	weaknesses. The school reviewed the responses to these		
	questions for qualitative comments about class size and		
	faculty availability. In the 2022 exit surveys, some		
	graduate students identified relatively small class sizes as		
	a school strength, and no undergraduate students		
	commented on class size. While comments about faculty		
	availability varied, most graduate and undergraduate		
	student comments mentioned it as a strength.		
	During the site visit, the dean mentioned that the school		
	had lost 25% of its faculty complement over five years due		
	to retirement and deaths. School leaders strategically		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

work to fill the vacant positions. Newer members of the	
faculty complimented the school's recruitment efforts.	

C3. STAFF AND OTHER PERSONNEL RESOURCES

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Staff & other personnel are currently adequate to fulfill the stated mission & goals Staff & other personnel resources appear sufficiently stable		The school has 224 (185.8 FTE) unshared staff and 26 (21.9 FTE) shared staff to support its programs, faculty, and students. The majority (146) are in researcher or research support roles. Student affairs (16) and finance and administration (15) are the next largest staff functions. In addition, the school employs approximately 350 students. Half are in student assistant positions, supporting administrative needs, and the other half are in graduate student instructor and graduate student researcher positions, supporting instructional and research-related needs. Each academic division has a staff manager, and the academic programs have managers/student advisors. The school has been successfully adding new positions to enhance student and career advising, as well as other support services. The school has dedicated staff in the university's shared services organization (i.e., Berkeley Regional Services) to provide pre-award and post-award research administration support and to handle data processing related to payroll and human resources information management. The school's staff resources are stable and sufficient to effectively operate all aspects of the school.	Click here to enter text.	

C4. PHYSICAL RESOURCES

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Physical resources adequate to fulfill mission & goals & support degree programs Physical resources appear sufficiently stable		The school currently occupies more than 90,000 assignable square feet of space, spanning 11 physical locations, including several wet laboratories, to accommodate faculty, students, and staff. In late spring 2018, the school moved to the newly constructed Berkeley Way West building. The eight-story, 330,000-square-foot, LEED Silver building houses the School of Public Health, the UC Berkeley School of Education, and the College of Letters & Sciences' Department of Psychology. Faculty office space and staff workspace are primarily on the 5th and 6th floors of Berkeley Way West. The 1st and 2nd floors are student-centric, with classrooms, including two large colloquia rooms. The 2nd floor houses student services and admissions, including undergraduate student advising, the DREAM (Diversity, Respect, Equity, Action, Multiculturalism) office, and RISE: Berkeley Public Health Careers & Leadership Office, as well as a student lounge and shared student spaces. Doctoral students have additional space dedicated to them on the 5th floor. Berkeley Way West is outfitted with the latest technology, with numerous equipped conference rooms and classrooms.		
		The new building has brought most students, faculty, and staff together in one location. The main exception is the wet lab faculty, primarily in the Division of Infectious Diseases and Vaccinology. Several campus buildings house		

wet lab facilities, all within walking distance of Berkeley	
Way West. The school also maintains space in University	
Hall for several research centers/groups and for the UC	
Berkeley-UCSF Joint Medical Program, and in two other	
nearby locations for additional large research centers. The	
school also has physical locations in Richmond and Salinas,	
California, and in Washington, DC.	
The school currently has sufficient physical space to	
operate its programs and to support students, faculty, and	
staff. During the site visit, school leadership, faculty, and	
students expressed satisfaction with the new spaces and	
amenities available to them in the Berkeley Way West	
building. There is expansion potential within the Berkeley	
Way West building, since the university leases upper floors	
to private tenants and can revert to university occupancy	
when needed for expansion.	
·	
During the site visit, students and faculty mentioned a	
recent challenge with the physical spaces used by the Joint	
Medical Program (MS/MD) in an older campus building.	
When the heating system failed, the school provided the	
program with temporary administration and classroom	
space in the Berkeley Way West building until the program	
can move into new spaces in the Golden Bear Center.	
Students and program leaders expressed gratitude for the	
school's prompt response and the resolution of the	
situation.	
Situation	

C5. INFORMATION AND TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Adequate library resources, including personnel, for students & faculty Adequate IT resources, including tech assistance for students & faculty Library & IT resources appear sufficiently stable		The university created the Marian Koshland Bioscience, Natural Resources and Public Health Library in 2018 when the staff and resources of the Sheldon Margen Public Health Library merged with the Marian Koshland Bioscience Library. The public health and optometry librarian is the principal contact for the school within the library, but due to public health's interdisciplinary nature, subject specialty librarians in sociology, anthropology, law, political science, environmental design, biology, engineering, and business also provide assistance and resources. The public health and optometry librarian provides guest lectures, workshops and course-based instruction, communication about new library resources and services, research consultations for faculty and students, acquisition of databases, journals, datasets, books, and other resources, and development of subject and course-specific research guides for public health research guides, including a research guide for nearly every online MPH course. The UC Berkeley Library holds 13.5 million volumes, and the new University of California-wide online library catalog provides students with access to over 50 million volumes across all campuses. Among the specialized resources available to public health faculty and students are the Global Health Database, Embase, CINAHL, PHAROS,	Click here to enter text.	

Covidence (systematic review tool), TRIP Pro, JAMA	
Evidence, AccessMedicine, and Cochrane Library.	
The university provides technology support for	
undergraduate and graduate students, including free	
software and device lending. The Library Technology	
• · · •	
Lending Program provides short-term loans of laptops,	
adapters, chargers, headphones, projectors, and other	
accessories for up to 14 days. The Student Technology	
Equity Program (STEP) provides need-based, long-term	
loans for laptops, Wi-Fi hotspots, and other tech hardware	
to students on a rolling basis throughout the academic	
year. Wireless connections are available across the	
campus. High performance computing and secure	
computing options are available to students involved in	
faculty research programs.	
The university provides each faculty member with their	
own computer, software, and technology support. REDCap	
software is available for secure data collection for research	
projects. Remote file access is available to those traveling	
or working from more than one location. Faculty use	
bcourses, the university's learning management system, to	
post lecture materials, homework, and readings as well as	
to promote discussion between students. Savio is a high-	
performance computing, networking, and file system	
available through faculty computing allowances for	
principal investigators and their research teams and	
collaborators.	
The student helpdesk at Student Tech Services provides	
free tech support to all graduate, professional, and	
undergraduate students. Helpdesk services are available	
in-person, by phone, by email, and over Zoom. The student	

helpdesk assists with resolving Wi-Fi problems, connecting	
to the campus network, accessing, and optimizing free	
campus software (including Adobe, Microsoft, Zoom, etc.),	
troubleshooting personal device issues, removing	
malware, ensuring security, and locating campus resources	
for device lending and hardware discounts.	
IT Client Services provides technical support for faculty,	
staff, and student employees through the IT service desk,	
device provisioning, device support, and engineering and	
security teams. The Research Information Technology	
group provides research computing technologies,	
consulting, and community for the Berkeley campus. The	
D-Lab offers workshops, training, and advisory services to	
assist with the full cycle of research projects including	
research design, survey methods, sample design, data	
acquisition, statistical methods, evaluation, and	
communication of results. D-Lab provides boot camp style	
training for students in R and other statistical programs	
that students need to complete their biostatistics	
requirements. During the site visit, several students	
expressed great satisfaction with the support they received	
through D-Lab and felt that more students needed to be	
aware of and use those services.	
In the spring 2022 exit survey, 72% of graduate students	
and 49% of undergraduate students reported being	
satisfied or very satisfied with school services and	
resources, including the public health library. While library	
and IT services appear to be adequate and stable,	
qualitative feedback identified that many undergraduates	
were not aware of public health library services. Internet	
connectivity during the pandemic negatively impacted the	
availability of library electronic resources for	

	undergraduate students. New undergraduate public health students now receive a library orientation session and	
	periodically receive emails from the librarian on public	
	health resources.	

D1. MPH & DRPH FOUNDATIONAL PUBLIC HEALTH KNOWLEDGE

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Ensures grounding in foundational public health knowledge through appropriate methods (see worksheet for detail)		A set of required courses that MPH students typically complete during the first year ensure grounding in foundational public health knowledge. Defined course sets and sequences cover the same quantitative and qualitative core and subject matter breadth in environmental health sciences, health and social behavior, and health policy and management, although specific course numbers and titles vary by concentration and delivery mode. The school requires DrPH students who have not completed an MPH from a CEPH-accredited school or program to complete Foundations of Public Health Practice, a three-credit online course that covers foundational public health knowledge. The course is equivalent to three credit hours, though students do not enroll in the course for credit. Reviewers validated that the course covers all 12 knowledge areas. Reviewers were not able to validate coverage of foundational knowledge area 1—public health history, philosophy, and values—through the printed course materials provided with the self-study. Discussions with faculty during the site visit clarified how two courses,		The Council reviewed the self-study and team's report and noted no reason for the met with commentary finding. Therefore, the Council acted to change the team's finding of met with commentary to a finding of met.

Health and Social Behavior Breadth Course and Theories of Health and Social Behavior, ground students in foundational knowledge area 1. Additionally, reviewers	
validated the school's plan to implement a commor	
curricular resource in the next iteration that wil	
consistently cover this knowledge area across al	
concentrations and delivery formats. The D1 worksheet	
summarizes reviewers' findings.	

D1 Worksheet

Foundational Knowledge	Yes/CNV
1. Explain public health history, philosophy & values	Yes
2. Identify the core functions of public health & the 10 Essential Services	Yes
3. Explain the role of quantitative & qualitative methods & sciences in describing & assessing a population's health	Yes
4. List major causes & trends of morbidity & mortality in the US or other community relevant to the school or program	Yes
5. Discuss the science of primary, secondary & tertiary prevention in population health, including health promotion, screening, etc.	Yes
6. Explain the critical importance of evidence in advancing public health knowledge	Yes
7. Explain effects of environmental factors on a population's health	Yes
8. Explain biological & genetic factors that affect a population's health	Yes
9. Explain behavioral & psychological factors that affect a population's health	Yes
10. Explain the social, political & economic determinants of health & how they contribute to population health & health inequities	Yes
11. Explain how globalization affects global burdens of disease	Yes
12. Explain an ecological perspective on the connections among human health, animal health & ecosystem health (e.g., One Health)	Yes

D2. MPH FOUNDATIONAL COMPETENCIES

Criterion Elements	Compliance	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Finding			
	Met			
Assesses all MPH students, at least		A set of required courses that MPH students typically	Click here to enter text.	The Council reviewed the self-study
once, on their abilities to		complete during the first year ensures coverage of the		and team's report and noted no
demonstrate each foundational		MPH foundational competencies. As noted in Criterion D1,		reason for the met with commentary

competency (see worksheet for detail)	sets of courses spanning 10 to 18 credit hours cover the same competencies and content, although specific course	finding. Therefore, the Council acted to change the team's finding of met
	numbers and titles vary by concentration and delivery format.	with commentary to a finding of met.
	Quantitative core courses include Epidemiologic Methods I and II, Planning Methods Gateway Part 1 and 2, Intermediate Biostatistics for Public Health, Introduction to Probability and Statistics, and Introduction to Multivariate Statistics.	
	Qualitative core courses include Organizational Behavior and Management in Health Care, Strategic Management in the Health Sector, and Interdisciplinary Seminar.	
	Breadth courses include health and social behavior (Health and Social Behavior Breadth Course), environmental health sciences (Environmental Health Sciences Breadth Course), and health policy and management (Health Policy and Management Breadth Course).	
	The school assesses all MPH students, including combined degree students, on their ability to demonstrate each foundational competency. Assessment opportunities include quizzes, exams, case study analysis, papers, team video project workbook, poster presentation, community asset mapping, editorial letter, policy memo, technical brief, negotiation exercise, group strategy project, public story presentation, and a causal loop diagram.	
	Site visitors were able to validate most of the foundational competencies through written materials provided with the self-study. During the site visit, the instructor for PB HLTH 200J explained that he weaves the role of ethics in the	

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policy-making process (foundational competency 12) into lectures and interactive discussions sessions that follow the Bardach model from the lens of multiple stakeholders, and the Op-Ed assignment requires students to apply that policy approach to incorporate ethical issues from various stakeholder perspectives.	
The faculty instructor for W200F explained that historically an oral presentation of a policy brief for a non-technical audience was required of students (foundational competency 19). The instructor who delivered the course in 2022 omitted it from the syllabus, but it has been re- established for the 2023 iteration of the course.	
Faculty instructors for PB HLTH 290, 223C and 224A explained how students interact directly with professionals from fields and sectors outside of public health in the courses to fulfill foundational competency 21.	
The faculty members stated that they will add specific language to assignment descriptions in course materials so that students have a clear understanding of how they will attain all elements of competencies in the course setting.	
During the site visit, MPH students expressed satisfaction with the MPH foundational curriculum, and results from alumni surveys indicate graduates' satisfaction, particularly with competencies attained in the breadth courses.	
The D2 worksheet summarizes reviewers' findings.	

D2 Worksheet

MPH Foundational Competencies	Yes/CNV
1. Apply epidemiological methods to settings & situations in public health practice	Yes
2. Select quantitative & qualitative data collection methods appropriate for a given public health context	Yes
3. Analyze quantitative & qualitative data using biostatistics, informatics, computer-based programming & software, as appropriate	Yes
4. Interpret results of data analysis for public health research, policy, or practice	Yes
5. Compare the organization, structure & function of health care, public health & regulatory systems across national & international settings	Yes
6. Discuss the means by which structural bias, social inequities & racism undermine health & create challenges to achieving health equity at organizational, community & systemic	Yes
levels 7. Assess population needs, assets & capacities that affect communities' health	Yes
8. Apply awareness of cultural values & practices to the design, implementation, or critique of public health policies or programs	Yes
9. Design a population-based policy, program, project or intervention	Yes
10. Explain basic principles & tools of budget & resource management	Yes
11. Select methods to evaluate public health programs	Yes
12. Discuss the policy-making process, including the roles of ethics & evidence	Yes
13. Propose strategies to identify stakeholders & build coalitions & partnerships for influencing public health outcomes	Yes
14. Advocate for political, social or economic policies & programs that will improve health in diverse populations	Yes
15. Evaluate policies for their impact on public health & health equity	Yes
16. Apply leadership and/or management principles to address a relevant issue	Yes
17. Apply negotiation & mediation skills to address organizational or community challenges	Yes
18. Select communication strategies for different audiences & sectors	Yes
19. Communicate audience-appropriate (i.e., non-academic, non-peer audience) public health content, both in writing & through oral presentation	Yes
20. Describe the importance of cultural competence in communicating public health content	Yes
21. Integrate perspectives from other sectors and/or professions to promote & advance population health	Yes
22. Apply a systems thinking tool to visually represent a public health issue in a format other than standard narrative	Yes

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Assesses all DrPH students, at least once, on their ability to demonstrate each foundational competency (see worksheet for detail)		The DrPH curriculum requires all DrPH students to successfully complete courses in program planning and needs assessment, foundations of public health leadership and practice, pedagogy, public health ethics, two courses in research design and methods, and six DrPH seminar courses titled A through F. The school assesses students on their ability to demonstrate the foundational competencies using assignments such as a case study analysis, strategic plan, facilitation plan, performance management plan, and individual development plan. The concern relates to the lack of evidence for faculty assessment of individual student attainment of foundational competencies 6, 14, and 15 in the final group assignment of PB HLTH 205. The site visit team confirmed that the school is implementing methods to assess individual student competency in other group assignments. In March 2023, the school hosted teaching town halls to disseminate pedagogical best practices. During the site visit, several faculty members reported that they are working with the school's team of four instructional designers to refine grading rubrics and pilot approaches such as incorporating self and peer assessments and using online technology (i.e., Google Docs tracking functions) to evaluate individual	assignment, and 10% of the total points based on assessment of the student's contributions by groupmates. Foundational Competencies 6, 14, and 15 are assessed in Assignment 4 and the Final Presentation. The PB HLTH 205 syllabus, assignment descriptions, Assignment 4 self-assessment grading rubric and self-assessment question prompts, and Final Presentation self-assessment grading rubric and self-assessment grading rubric and self-assessment grading rubric and self-assessment grading rubric and self-assessment	The Council reviewed the school's response, including attachments. We regret any errors or misinterpretation of information provided during the site visit. The Council concluded that the school has demonstrated compliance with this criterion. Therefore, the Council acted to change the team's finding of partially met to a finding of met.

D3. DRPH FOUNDATIONAL COMPETENCIES

student contributions and competence in group	
assignments. The D3 worksheet summarizes reviewers'	
findings.	

D3 Worksheet

DrPH Foundational Competency	Yes/CNV
1. Explain qualitative, quantitative, mixed methods & policy analysis research & evaluation methods to address health issues at multiple (individual, group, organization,	Yes
community & population) levels	
2. Design a qualitative, quantitative, mixed methods, policy analysis or evaluation project to address a public health issue	Yes
3. Explain the use & limitations of surveillance systems & national surveys in assessing, monitoring & evaluating policies & programs & to address a population's health	Yes
4. Propose strategies for health improvement & elimination of health inequities by organizing stakeholders, including researchers, practitioners, community leaders & other partners	Yes
5. Communicate public health science to diverse stakeholders, including individuals at all levels of health literacy, for purposes of influencing behavior & policies	Yes
6. Integrate knowledge, approaches, methods, values & potential contributions from multiple professions, sectors, & systems in addressing public health problems	Yes
7. Create a strategic plan	Yes
8. Facilitate shared decision making through negotiation & consensus-building methods	Yes
9. Create organizational change strategies	Yes
10. Propose strategies to promote inclusion & equity within public health programs, policies & systems	Yes
11. Assess one's own strengths & weaknesses in leadership capacities, including cultural proficiency	Yes
12. Propose human, fiscal & other resources to achieve a strategic goal	Yes
13. Cultivate new resources & revenue streams to achieve a strategic goal	Yes
14. Design a system-level intervention to address a public health issue	Yes
15. Integrate knowledge of cultural values & practices in the design of public health policies & programs	Yes
16. Integrate scientific information, legal & regulatory approaches, ethical frameworks & varied stakeholder interests in policy development & analysis	Yes
17. Propose interprofessional and/or intersectoral team approaches to improving public health	Yes
18. Assess an audience's knowledge & learning needs	Yes
19. Deliver training or educational experiences that promote learning in academic, organizational or community settings	Yes
20. Use best practice modalities in pedagogical practices	Yes

D4. MPH & DRPH CONCENTRATION COMPETENCIES

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Defines at least five distinct competencies for each concentration or generalist degree in MPH & DrPH. Competencies articulate an appropriate depth or enhancement beyond foundational competencies Assesses all students at least once on their ability to demonstrate each concentration competency If applicable, covers & assesses defined competencies for a specific credential (e.g., CHES, MCHES)	N/A	The school defines at least five competencies for its MPH in environmental health sciences (7); epidemiology (6); epidemiology/biostatistics (7); global health and environment (5); health and social behavior (7); health policy and management (10); infectious diseases and vaccinology (7); maternal, child, and adolescent health (5); and public health nutrition (5). The school defines six concentration competencies for the DrPH in public health. The competencies are distinct and appropriately depict a depth of knowledge in each concentration area. Reviewers noted that one health policy and management competency appears to overlap with MPH foundational competency 15, but the concentration has nine other appropriate competencies, exceeding this criterion's minimum requirements. Reviewers were able to validate the teaching and assessment of most competencies by reviewing course syllabi and other supporting materials provided with the self-study. The assessments for each MPH concentration are distinct and include assignments such as presenting to the class and facilitating discussion about an environmental or occupational health problem and potential solutions; using R tidyverse packages to clean and manage data; writing a technical or policy brief on a global environmental or occupational health topic;	DrPH The specific assessment examples provided for DrPH concentration competencies were individual, not group, assignments (Table 4.1.10 in the self-study report and included in the ERF). During the site visit, DrPH program faculty explained how students are individually assessed on the concentration competencies, which is referenced in paragraphs four through six of this criterion (D4) in the team's draft report. Epi MPH and Epi/Bio MPH During the site visit, epidemiology and biostatistics faculty explained how they use the Weekly Topic Reflection assignment to assess individual students on epidemiology/biostatistics concentration competencies 4 and 5 and epidemiology concentration competencies 5 and 6. Faculty submitted the assignment description and grading rubric to the team on April 24, 2023 before the	The Council reviewed the school's response, including attachments, and concluded that the school has demonstrated compliance with this criterion. Therefore, the Council acted to change the team's finding of partially met to a finding of met.
		developing an evaluation plan for a community health	conclusion of the site visit.	

intervention, and presenting policy alternatives for a		
intervention; and presenting policy alternatives for a	Public Health Nutrition MPH	
specific health challenge.		
According to favorable DyDLL concentration are distingtoned	Effective AY23-24, the grading	
Assessments for each DrPH concentration are distinct and	rubrics for the policy analysis paper	
more advanced than the MPH and include applying a	in PB HLTH 206B and PB HLTH	
human rights framework to analyze the limits of ethical	W206B and the case report	
principals in a scholarly article, presenting a theory	assignment in PB HLTH 206D have	
concept map with a social justice orientation, and	been updated to specify assessment	
completing discrete components of a student's	of interdisciplinary approaches to	
dissertation, such as the prospectus.	integrate social, political, economic,	
	and ecological dimensions to	
The site visit team validated some remaining	contextualize nutrition, food	
competencies by reviewing additional materials made	systems and health problems.	
available during the site visit and from faculty members'	Grading rubrics for PB HLTH 206B	
explanations of course content and student assignments.	and PB HLTH W206B, and the	
	syllabus for PB HLTH 206D are	
While reviewers were able to validate that faculty assess	provided with the school response	
each student on all elements of each of the DrPH	(see attachments D4.1-D4.3).	
concentration competencies, the program director stated		
the course syllabi and assignment instructions will be	Health and Social Behavior MPH	
revised to align with the competency statements more	Effective Spring 2024, in PB HLTH	
clearly.	205, for each group assignment, the	
	final grade will be calculated	
The first concern relates to reviewers' inability to validate	according to a rubric that assigns	
that faculty assess individual student demonstration of	80% of the total points based on	
competencies in group assignments in the DrPH	group work (with each group	
concentration in public health and the following MPH	member receiving the same grade),	
concentrations: epidemiology (competencies 4 and 5); and	10% of the total points based on the	
epidemiology/biostatistics (competencies 5 and 6). This		
issue was also present in health and social behavior	assignment, and 10% of the total	
(competencies 1 and 3), but this concentration has seven	points based on assessment of the	
competencies, so reviewers were able to validate	student's contributions by	
compliance with this criterion's requirement for at least five	groupmates. HSB MPH	
appropriate competencies and assessments.	Concentration Competencies 1 and	
The second s		

As explained in Criterion D3, the school has assigned four instructional designers to support faculty in implementing assessment methods for evaluation of individual students competency demonstration in group assignments. The second concern relates to reviewers' inability to validate assessment of interdisciplinary approaches to integrate social, political, economic, and ecologica concerns (competency 5) with the policy analysis paper in PB HLTH 206B, W206B, and 206D associated with the public health nutrition concentration. The D4 worksheets summarize reviewers' findings.	g205syllabus,assignmentdescriptions,Assignment 4self-assessment grading rubric and self-assessment question prompts, andpFinal Presentation self-assessmentpgrading rubric and self-assessmentpgrading rubric and self-assessmentphphpgrading rubric and self-assessmentpgrading rubric and self-assessmenthhhschoolhschoolhschoolpseponse(see	
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D4 Worksheet

MPH in Environmental Health Sciences Concentration Competencies	Comp statement acceptable as written? Yes/No	Comp taught and assessed? Yes/CNV
1. Analyze how the sources and health effects of major environmental and occupational hazards are identified and assessed.	Yes	Yes
2. Use the principles of exposure science to analyze environmental and occupational exposures.	Yes	Yes
3. Identify factors that affect vulnerability of sub-populations to health effects of environmental and occupational exposures.	Yes	Yes
4. Use risk assessment and other methods to assess environmental health hazards and identify mitigative measures.	Yes	Yes
5. Systematically analyze environmental health policies or regulations for their impact on population health or environmental justice.	Yes	Yes
6. Explain how environmental protection and environmental health are promoted through basic principles and approaches of environmental policy development and implementation.	Yes	Yes
7. Review and interpret prior research on an environmental health problem to identify knowledge gaps, articulate research questions, and describe appropriate methods to fill these gaps.	Yes	Yes

MPH in Epidemiology and Biostatistics (2-year, 4+1, Online) Concentration Competencies	Comp statement acceptable as written? Yes/No	Comp taught and assessed? Yes/CNV
1. Demonstrate methodological expertise for epidemiological research in choosing appropriate study designs, in calculating and	Yes	Yes
interpreting measures of disease and association, in identifying and addressing sources of bias in studies, in estimating and interpreting		
confounding and effect measure modification, and in applying causal frameworks to the assessment of causality in associations.		
2. Implement methods of data management and cleaning for epidemiologic data sets, including using SAS and/or R.	Yes	Yes
3. Recognize and conduct appropriate regression analysis techniques to analyze data from medical and other public health studies.	Yes	Yes
4. Interpret study findings including critically identifying strengths and limitations of individual studies.	Yes	Yes
5. Describe the history of epidemiology.	Yes	Yes
6. List and explain the core principles underlying the ethics of human research (ie, autonomy/respect for person; justice; beneficence; and non-maleficence).	Yes	Yes
7. Apply specialized biostatistical methods for categorical and time-to-event outcomes to the analysis of advanced medical and epidemiological study designs.	Yes	Yes

MPH in Epidemiology (11-Month) Concentration Competencies	Comp statement acceptable as written? Yes/No	Comp taught and assessed? Yes/CNV
 Demonstrate methodological expertise for epidemiological research in choosing appropriate study designs, in calculating and interpreting measures of disease and association, in identifying and addressing sources of bias in studies, in estimating and interpreting confounding and effect measure modification, and in applying causal frameworks to the assessment of causality in associations. 	Yes	Yes
 Apply data analysis and programming techniques of epidemiologic investigations. Interpret study findings including critically identifying strengths and limitations of individual studies. 	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
4. Describe the history of epidemiology.	Yes	Yes
5. List and explain the core principles underlying the ethics of human research (i.e., autonomy/respect for person; justice; beneficence; and non-maleficence).	Yes	Yes
6. Apply epidemiologic approaches to social, medical, and public health programs to enhance students' related graduate professional work or goals.	Yes	Yes

MPH in Global Health and Environment	Comp statement	Comp taught and
Concentration Competencies	acceptable as written?	assessed?
	Yes/No	Yes/CNV

1. Analyze how the sources and health effects of major environmental and occupational hazards are identified and assessed.	Yes	Yes
2. Use the principles of exposure science to characterize and understand environmental exposures in low- and middle-income countries.		Yes
3. Propose environmental health policies or regulations and analyze their potential impact on global population health.	Yes	Yes
4. Use an environmental justice lens to analyze disparities in exposures to environmental contaminants.	Yes	Yes
5. Review and interpret prior research on an environmental health problem to identify knowledge gaps, articulate research questions, and	Yes	Yes
describe appropriate methods to fill these gaps.		

MPH in Health and Social Behavior Concentration Competencies	Comp statement acceptable as written? Yes/No	Comp taught and assessed? Yes/CN*V
1. Distill and apply theory and empirical evidence to develop an implementable intervention or program plan to improve health, including literature review and logic model/theory of change.	Yes	Yes
2. Evaluate the effects of community intervention programs or policies.	Yes	Yes
3. Respectfully develop and evaluate theory-informed interventions for governmental and/or non-governmental organizations to promote health.	Yes	Yes
4. Identify ethical challenges and principles for guiding public health planning, implementation and evaluation.	Yes	Yes
5. Apply critical social analysis to issues of race and ethnicity, gender and sexuality, economic status, colonialism and other important axes of difference and power as they impact health and public health practice.	Yes	Yes
6. Apply key social scientific approaches to understanding racism and developing anti-racist and intersectional approaches to public health.	Yes	Yes
7. Apply a trauma-informed lens to public health research and practice.	Yes	Yes

MPH in Health Policy and Management Concentration Competencies	Comp statement acceptable as written? Yes/No	Comp taught and assessed? Yes/CNV	
1. Apply skills in collaboration, coaching and influencing to achieve organizational, policy or strategic initiative goals.	Yes	Yes	
2. Evaluate and select options for effective diffusion of innovation within a healthcare organization.	Yes	Yes	
3. Utilize an inclusive approach to management decision making.	Yes	Yes	
4. Analyze financial statements, cost, and managerial information to assess and promote the financial health of a unit, organization, or system.	Yes	Yes	
5. Apply analytic tools and techniques to make sound short and long-term investment decisions within a health care environment.	Yes	Yes	
6. Examine dynamics in the design, adoption, or implementation of health policies.	Yes	Yes	
7. Analyze policies for their impact on health and health equity.	No*	Yes	
8. Understand how to use advocacy tools to change health policy.	Yes	Yes	
9. Utilize economic theory to assess the efficiency and equity of current and proposed health policies.	Yes	Yes	
10. Analyze the role of incentives in shaping behaviors of health sector stakeholders.	Yes	Yes	

*Reviewers validated at least five distinct concentration competencies.

MPH in Infectious Diseases and Vaccinology Concentration Competencies	Comp statement acceptable as written? Yes/No	Comp taught and assessed? Yes/CNV
1. Apply the following frameworks of principles of infectious disease to describe each infectious disease: microbiology, epidemiology,	Yes	Yes
clinical spectrum, immunology, pathogenesis, treatment, and prevention.		
2. Describe the major viral, bacterial, fungal, and parasitological agents of infectious diseases of humans and the nonhuman animal sources	Yes	Yes
of some of these infectious agents.		
3. Discuss how infectious diseases impact public health problems.	Yes	Yes
4. Describe how the social, behavioral, environmental, and administrative/policy components of public health affect infectious disease occurrence and distribution.	Yes	Yes
5. Discuss how infectious disease surveillance systems are used to detect, control, and prevent outbreaks, and how they are used to study modes of infectious disease transmission, predict trends, and monitor response to interventions.	Yes	Yes
6. Assess different epidemiological, statistical, or computational biological methodologies and assessment techniques to analyze infectious disease modes of transmission and risk factors.	Yes	Yes
7. Discuss the role of local, state, federal, and international public health agencies in the prevention and control of infectious diseases.	Yes	Yes

MPH in Maternal Child and Adolescent Health Concentration Competencies	Comp statement acceptable as written? Yes/No	Comp taught and assessed? Yes/CNV
1. Discuss a problem facing MCAH populations with an evidence-based rationale for why it is a topic of importance.	Yes	Yes
2. Identify and evaluate the relative contribution of individual and environmental factors associated with maternal and child health.	Yes	Yes
3. Identify a maternal and child health issue and evaluate a policy solution.	Yes	Yes
4. Interpret results of epidemiologic studies of maternal and child health problems and synthesize published epidemiological literature in order to summarize current knowledge and develop and test strong research questions that will advance knowledge in the field of maternal and child health.	Yes	Yes
5. Apply basic principles of quantitative research and epidemiology for understanding and addressing MCH problems.	Yes	Yes

MPH in Public Health Nutrition Concentration Competencies	Comp statement acceptable as written? Yes/No	Comp taught and assessed? Yes/CNV
1. Describe the magnitude, distribution, and trends of nutrition problems in populations.	Yes	Yes
Explain dietary influences including social determinants on health outcomes and identify population-based strategies to improve nutritional health.	Yes	Yes
3. Assess the nutritional status of individuals using anthropometric, diet and biochemical methods.	Yes	Yes
4. Evaluate nutrition research and interpret the implications for public health policies and programs, identifying key issues that address social inequities.	Yes	Yes
5. Apply interdisciplinary approaches to integrate social, political, economic, and ecological dimensions to contextualize nutrition, food systems and health problems and opportunities.	Yes	Yes

DrPH in Public Health Concentration Competencies	Comp statement acceptable as written? Yes/No	Comp taught and assessed? Yes/CNV
1. Ethics & principles: Identify and apply ethical principles of social justice and human rights in public health research and practice.	Yes	Yes
2. Social justice orientation: Demonstrate an understanding of the multiple mechanisms by which social, political, economic, and historical factors contribute to health inequities.	Yes	Yes
3. Community focus: Integrate community centered focus in the assessment, development, and dissemination of public health research, policy, and practice.	Yes	Yes
4. Transdisciplinary training: Formulate, analyze, and advocate for multi-sector solutions to improve population health across interdisciplinary settings.	Yes	Yes
5. Applied practice-based research: Translate rigorous research and evidence-based best practices to transform public health systems to meet the needs of local or global communities.	Yes	Yes
6. Practice-based leadership: Identify personal leadership strengths and opportunities for growth in practice-based settings, through awareness of self, ability to work with and through others, and ability to identify and work through organizational dynamics.	Yes	Yes

D5. MPH APPLIED PRACTICE EXPERIENCES

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Partially Met			
All MPH students produce at least		The applied practice experience requirement for students	Starting with the 11-month MPH	The Council reviewed the school's
two work products that are		in the two-year MPH programs, concurrent degree MPH	student cohorts entering in summer	response, including attachments,
meaningful to an organization in		programs, and 4+1 MPH programs requires a minimum of	2023, the UC Berkeley School of	and appreciates the attention to
appropriate applied practice		400 hours (e.g., 10 weeks, 40 hours per week) and takes	Public Health Careers & Leadership	building a process based on existing
settings		place between the end of their first and start of their	Office (RISE Office) established	structures that will meet the unique
Qualified individuals assess each		second year of enrollment. Students in the online	policies identifying allowable	needs of 11-month MPH students.
work product & determine whether		professional MPH program complete at least 130 hours for	courses and projects for 11-month	The Council understands that this
it demonstrates attainment of		their practicum, typically completed part-time over	MPH students to fulfill their APE	change is in the early stage of
competencies		multiple months after their first semester in the program.	requirement and processes for	implementation and reviewed the

All students demonstrate at least		students to work with their faculty	documentation that is currently
five competencies, at least three of	Since 2017, the school has not allowed waivers of the	program director and the RISE Office	available. The Council looks forward
which are foundational	applied practice experience requirement. Applied practice	to identify competencies, monitor	to reviewing documentation in the
	experiences may be with governmental, non-	progress, and be assessed on	future that demonstrates full
	governmental, non-profit, industrial, and for-profit	competency attainment for their	implementation of a compliant
	settings or appropriate university-affiliated settings.	APE. Student samples are provided	process and requests that, if
	University-affiliated settings must be primarily focused on	with the school response (see	possible, the school provide
	community engagement, typically with external partners.	attachment D5.1 11-Month MPH	completed documentation for the
		APE).	same students whose preliminary
	RISE: Berkeley Public Health Careers & Leadership Office		forms were provided with the
	(RISE) provides the academic and administrative structure		response.
	for the practice component of the MPH program for both		
	students and practicum organizations. The RISE team		
	offers appointments and hosts events and training		
	activities for all MPH programs. The RISE has field		
	consultants who work with students in designated MPH		
	programs to provide additional individual and program-		
	specific support. Field consultants also review and approve		
	all practicum documentation requirements, including		
	ensuring each student attains at least five competencies in		
	at least two work products. The RISE Office also provides		
	resources for preceptors, including written guidelines,		
	expectations, and best practices, as well as a webinar		
	hosted annually each May. During the site visit, students		
	expressed a great deal of satisfaction with the support		
	they received to find, develop, and complete their APEs		
	from the RISE staff, their program managers, and		
	individual faculty.		
	During the site visit, program faculty, field consultants, and		
	RISE leaders described extensive collaborations and		
	frequent interactions to establish and apply the standards		
	for evaluating work products and assessing competency		
	attainment. After training, all field consultants are		

qualified to evaluate student work products and	
competencies. The director of practice within RISE is a	
faculty position and serves as the instructor of record for	
PB HLTH 297, Public Health Field Placement, a three-credit	
course.	
The school supports the online platform PHLEX (Public	
Health Leadership & Experience Exchange) to house	
postings from partner organizations, alumni, and public	
health professionals from diverse sectors and geographic	
locations. MPH students also use the PHLEX to submit	
required documentation for the applied practice	
experience. Field consultants, preceptors, and faculty use	
PHLEX to review documentation and complete review for	
grading. A practicum confirmation form details the	
organization, preceptor, timeline, compensation, and	
likely objectives and activities for the practicum. The	
practicum learning agreement documents learning goals	
and expectations between the student and the	
organization and identifies the competencies the student	
plans to demonstrate, the planned activities and timelines	
associated with these competencies, and two work	
products the student plans to complete by the end of the	
experience. At the end of the practicum, students submit	
two written products that demonstrate relevant	
competencies that the student identified in their learning	
agreement. End of the practicum evaluations include	
student assessments and requested feedback from	
preceptors. Most programs also require students to	
present their APE during a seminar session.	
The practicum must address a minimum of six unique	
competencies: at least three foundational competencies,	
at least two concentration-specific competencies, and at	
at least two concentration specific competencies, and at	

least one leadership, professionalism, and advocacy competency.
The school provided a list of over 350 student practice
placements for the past two calendar years. At least 250
placements were unique. Students completed their APEs
with various local and state public agencies in California
and across the nation, public school systems, non-health
agencies of local government, federal health
organizations, healthcare organizations, pharmaceutical
and health technology organizations and companies,
policy organizations, laboratories and other research or
policy activities at UC Berkeley and in other academic
settings, and international organizations.
The reviewed portfolios from students in the two-year
MPH program and the online MPH program all provided at
least two work products that would be meaningful to the
host organization and demonstrated competencies. A
student in the joint MCP/MPH program completed a traffic
collision analysis for the City of Oakland Department of
Transportation. A student in the joint MPP/MPH program
completed a behavioral health research project for the Hill
Physicians Medical Group PPO Team. A student in the MPH
epidemiology concentration completed an assessment of
agricultural fumigant use and emergency department
visits for the California Office of Environmental Health
Hazard Assessment. A student in the MPH infectious
diseases and vaccinology concentration evaluated
community provider treatment practices for gonorrhea
and early syphilis at the Kennedy Krieger Institute. A
student in the MPH nutrition concentration produced
nutrition security policy briefs for Shape Up San Francisco.
A student in the online MPH program prepared a report on

a demonstration project for COVID-19 vaccine access for	
farmworkers and their families in North Carolina for the	
National Center for Farmworker Health.	
During the site visit, preceptors at practice sites universally	
praised the students, noted the high quality of their work	
for the organizations, and valued the fresh perspectives	
they brought to issues. Several preceptors reported that	
practice experiences frequently led to offers of	
employment upon graduation. One preceptor, who is the	
co-founder of a community health organization,	
advocated for more stipend support for students who seek	
practice experiences with small, and often underfunded,	
organizations serving underserved and minority	
populations.	
The concern relates to the APE for the 11-month MPH	
program. In the self-study document, the school described	
a course-based practice experience but provided no	
documentation for reviewers to validate how faculty	
ensure students meet the requirements and provided no	
student work products for review. During the site visit,	
faculty clarified that the 11-month MPH in health policy	
and management (HPM) has started to use the RISE-based	
documentation and evaluation structure for APE planning	
and assessment. Faculty for the 11-month MPH in public	
health nutrition program described practice experiences	
during the program planning course that require groups of	
two to three students to work with a client organization to	
research a relevant issue and develop a program plan for	
the organization. Faculty for the 11-month degree in	
epidemiology described use of the first semester seminar	
course to have students work on a project at their home	
organization under the guidance of an on-site preceptor.	

RISE leaders described their recent work to establish the 11-month HPM process as best practice. Working with the	
other 11-month programs, they are formalizing requirements for this enhanced APE (APEx) that they will	
pilot with the 11-month student cohorts entering in summer 2023.	

D6. DRPH APPLIED PRACTICE EXPERIENCE

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Students complete at least one applied project that is meaningful for an organization & to advanced public health practice Project(s) allow for advanced-level collaboration with practitioners Project(s) include reflective component Qualified individuals assess each work product & determine whether it demonstrates attainment of competencies Processes in place to ensure that project(s) demonstrate at least five competencies, including at least one related to leadership	-	The DrPH program requires students to complete a residency that is a structured field experience normally completed in the summer between the first and second academic years. Students complete a residency of 320 hours (equivalent to eight weeks at 40 hours per week). Students may submit a written request to seek approval to complete a shorter residency (minimum 180 hours over nine weeks) based on concurrent experience related to the student's research and professional goals. Students register for PH 297, Field Residency, for three credit units. Residency activities are under the joint supervision of a designated preceptor from the organization and the school's DrPH doctoral residency supervisor. The preceptor is a professional working with health issues who has expertise in the assigned project areas, experience and status within the organization, and an interest and competence in supervising and mentoring.		

The residency may be at the student's current work setting		
but needs to be in a role that is new and/or stretches the		
student with new skills or responsibilities. A residency		
agreement identifies the student's learning objectives and		
interests and integrates these with the site's needs and		
opportunities.		
A work plan aligns six learning objectives with associated		
competencies, proposed activities, evidence of		
learning/products, and timeline. The six required learning		
objectives include a leadership competency and map to		
three domains: 1) context (systems and contexts;		
organizational), 2) capabilities (technical skills and		
competencies; leadership skills and abilities; core and		
specialty knowledge), and 3) career (general skills and		
knowledge). Students tie each objective to competencies,		
for a total of at least six foundational and/or		
-		
concentration-specific competencies, including at least		
one leadership competency.		
During the site visit, the faculty program director		
described the residency experience as highly tailored to		
the student's professional goals. There is a multi-point		
process to develop the residency plan, and the program		
director has a mid-residency site meeting with the student		
and preceptor to ensure the experience is on track.		
Following the completion of the residency, students meet	1	
with the residency supervisor to review the residency		
products and debrief on the experience, as an opportunity	1	
to reflect on growth on individual learning objectives,		
achievement of competencies, and opportunities for		
future growth.	1	

Students must produce at least one tangible product (e.g., grant application, research analysis, policy analyses, program plans, evaluation designs, article for publication) during the residency to demonstrate the competendes developed during the placement. The DrPH program provided a list of 30 practice sites used by students in the past three years. The sites were appropriate settings for students to engage in advanced work with public health practiloners. Sites included the San Francisco Department of Public Health, the Gobee group engaged in technology innovations for global health, UCSF School of Nursing's Community Health Services, a parents' advocacy group in Croatia, UCSF/Kenya Medical Research Institute, Avenir Health engaged globally in social and economic development, UCSF/Kenya Attioner Research hub. The site visit team reviewed work products from five students. All students produced one or more work products that were appropriate for a doctoral-level degree. One student conducted a study to explore the key health issues, challenges encounterd, coping strategies implemented, and support needed by unaccompanied		
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 appropriate settings for students to engage in advanced work with public health practitioners. Sites included the San Francisco Department of Public Health, the Gobee group engaged in technology innovations for global health, UCSF School of Nursing's Community Health Services, a parents' advocacy group in Croatia, UCSF/Kenya Medical Research Institute, Avenir Health engaged globally in social and economic development, UCSF Institute for Health Policy Studies, Pathfinders International in Bangladesh, and the school's Youth Participatory Action Research hub. The site visit team reviewed work products from five students. All students produced one or more work products that were appropriate for a doctoral-level degree. One student conducted a study to explore the key health issues, challenges encountered, coping strategies 		
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Participatory Action Research hub. The site visit team reviewed work products from five students. All students produced one or more work products that were appropriate for a doctoral-level degree. One student conducted a study to explore the key health issues, challenges encountered, coping strategies	· · ·	
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degree. One student conducted a study to explore the key health issues, challenges encountered, coping strategies	•	
health issues, challenges encountered, coping strategies		
female minors during their migration journey, border		
crossing, and after arrival in the US. Another student		
worked with the school's Office of Diversity, Equity,		
Inclusion, and Belonging on anti-racism initiatives and		
presented a report on performative allyship. Another		
student conducted qualitative research and prepared a		
manuscript on resiliency and barriers to successful aging		
among rural Latina women.	among rural Latina women.	

During the site visit, the faculty program director noted that reflection has been part of a one-on-one debrief with the student of their residency experience. Going forward, the program plans to strengthen and formalize the reflective component. The DrPH program will implement a session for students to briefly present on and reflect about their residency experience to other students in their	
their residency experience to other students in their cohort and to first-year students who are preparing for	
their residency experiences.	

D7. MPH INTEGRATIVE LEARNING EXPERIENCE

		Council Comments
Most students complete an integrative learning experience (ILE) that requires them to synthesize foundational and concentration competencies. The ILE format varies by concentration. Both environmental health sciences and global health and environment students enroll in the MPH seminar course, write a master's thesis, and select at least one foundational competency and at least one concentration competency. For epidemiology and biostatistics, students develop a master's paper with pre-selected foundational and concentration competencies. Health and social behavior students choose one of three options: a public health analysis, quantitative research project, or master's thesis with pre-selected foundational and concentration competencies.	In the Online/On-Campus MPH (OOMPH) program, the comprehensive exam long essay competency synthesis questions and grading rubric with competency synthesis as an assessment area were initiated in Spring 2023. The OOMPH comprehensive exam grading rubric, concentration specific long essay competency synthesis questions, and student sample responses from the Spring 2023 Comprehensive Exam and Summer 2023 Comprehensive Exam are provided with the school response (see attachment D7.1	The Council reviewed the school's response, including attachments, and concluded that the school has demonstrated compliance with this criterion. Therefore, the Council acted to change the team's finding of partially met to a finding of met.
	 experience (ILE) that requires them to synthesize foundational and concentration competencies. The ILE format varies by concentration. Both environmental health sciences and global health and environment students enroll in the MPH seminar course, write a master's thesis, and select at least one foundational competency and at least one concentration competency. For epidemiology and biostatistics, students develop a master's paper with pre-selected foundational and concentration competencies. Health and social behavior students choose one of three options: a public health analysis, quantitative research project, or master's thesis with pre-selected foundational and concentration 	 experience (ILE) that requires them to synthesize foundational and concentration competencies. The ILE format varies by concentration. Both environmental health sciences and global health and environmenta students enroll in the MPH seminar course, write a master's thesis, and select at least one foundational competency and at least one concentration competency. For epidemiology and biostatistics, students develop a master's paper with pre-selected foundational and concentration competencies. Health and social behavior students choose one of three options: a public health analysis, quantitative research project, or master's thesis with pre-selected foundational and concentration

For health policy and management, MPH and MPH/MBA	
students complete a capstone project while MPH/MPP	
students complete an advanced policy analysis. Students	
select at least one foundational competency and at least	
one concentration competency. Infectious disease and	
vaccinology students complete a comprehensive paper,	
and maternal, child, and adolescent health students	
complete a capstone research project, both with pre-	
selected foundational and concentration competencies.	
Public health nutrition students complete an ILE paper	
(11-month students complete a data analysis using STATA	
and accompanying paper), and on-campus	
interdisciplinary students complete an MPH research	
project, both with pre-selected foundational and	
concentration competencies.	
concentration competencies.	
Online MPH students across all concentrations complete a	
comprehensive exam, with two long essay questions.	
Starting in spring 2023, students will answer one long	
essay question pertaining to their concentration and a	
second question that will cover foundational	
competencies.	
competencies.	
All joint degree students meet the same requirements as	
standalone MPH students in the same concentration, with	
minor variations as noted above. Site visitors confirmed	
that projects occur near the end of the program for all	
concentrations via instructional documentation in the ERF.	
concentrations via instructional documentation in the ERF.	
Eaculty angage with students and provide feedback and	
Faculty engage with students and provide feedback and	
support throughout the ILE regardless of the	
concentration and option. Faculty members validate	
synthesis of competencies for some of the concentrations	

via oral presentations of student projects or reviewing	
drafts of projects throughout the process. Prior to	
academic year 2022-23, the ILE processes did not include	
documentation of specific competencies synthesized and	
an evaluation of competency synthesis as part of the	
grading rubric for all concentrations. ILEs initiated in the	
2022-23 academic year will require selection, synthesis,	
and evaluation of both foundational and concentration	
competencies with rubrics or agreement documents.	
Site visitors reviewed rubrics and advisor agreement	
documentation for all concentrations aside from public	
health nutrition before the site visit and validated that	
faculty assess products for competency synthesis. During	
the site visit, public health nutrition faculty explained that	
they select more than one foundational and concentration	
competency for the students to synthesize in their ILE	
projects, which are broken down into component	
deliverables during the culminating course, "Food &	
Nutrition Policy & Programs."	
Examples of student projects include "Recovery and	
Resilience in the Canal Community: An In-Depth Analysis	
of Economic Impacts and Solutions During the COVID-19	
Pandemic;" "Mistreatment in Perinatal Health Care and	
Mental Health During COVID-19;" "Health Densification?	
Transit Oriented Development, Green Spaces and Human	
Impacts;" "Gwendolyn's Light: Mental Health Promotion	
and Depression Prevention for High School Aged Youth in	
Alameda;" and "Relationship between Cognition and Tau	
Protein Deposition Measured by PET in Subjects with	
Normal Cognition and within the Alzheimer's Disease	
Spectrum: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis." The	

site visit team validated that the student samples in all campus-based formats are of high quality.	
During the site visit, faculty explained that students synthesize more than one each of the foundational and concentration competencies, though reviewers did not see evidence that ILE guidelines and assessment methods for all concentrations explicitly stated this requirement.	
Students who met with site visitors said that faculty are available and helpful for their ILE projects.	
The concern relates to the reviewers' inability to validate that the comprehensive exam required for online students' ILE provides an opportunity for synthesis of more than one foundational and one concentration	
competency. The site visit team reviewed sample answers to the comprehensive exam questions and found that while students are asked to apply different competencies,	
the questions do not prompt synthesis of competencies. However, site visitors learned that efforts were underway to implement a more detailed competency assessment system for online students.	

D8. DRPH INTEGRATIVE LEARNING EXPERIENCE

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Students generate field-based products consistent with advanced practice designed to influence programs, policies or systems		DrPH students fulfill the integrative learning experienceby completing one of three dissertation options: a standard dissertation, a three-paper option, or a single dissertation.		

The standard dissertation ontion follows a specified		
dissertation committee.		
· · ·		
to the qualifying exam.		
committee members have approved the final product and		
signed off on the DrPH dissertation completion form.		
dissertations. One dissertation examined how private		
nonprofit hospital community benefit in the United States		
aligns with health, and the extent to which racial health		
inequities are addressed. Another sample dissertation		
examined the modifiable risk factors associated with		
eating disturbances, waist-to-height ratio, and		
cardiovascular biomarkers among a well-characterized		
cohort of black and white girls in the United States from		
5		
	 qualifying exam chair and other committee members. DrPH students complete the dissertation prospectus prior to the qualifying exam. Two doctoral seminars (PH 293E and PH 293F) support the completion of the dissertation research. The dissertation chair and the committee review and approve the final dissertation. The dissertation is complete when all committee members have approved the final product and signed off on the DrPH dissertation completion form. The self-study materials presented four high quality dissertations. One dissertation examined how private nonprofit hospital community benefit in the United States aligns with health, and the extent to which racial health inequities are addressed. Another sample dissertation examined the modifiable risk factors associated with eating disturbances, waist-to-height ratio, and cardiovascular biomarkers among a well-characterized 	format that incorporates seven elements outlined in the DrPH student handbook. The three-paper option consists of three articles of publishable quality. The third option, a single-dissertation format such as a book, is an alternative option that must be approved by the student's dissertation committee. Students self-identify four competencies (two foundational DrPH competencies and two DrPH concentration competencies) and develop a dissertation prospectus in consultation with their dissertation and qualifying exam chair and other committee members. DrPH students complete the dissertation prospectus prior to the qualifying exam. Two doctoral seminars (PH 293E and PH 293F) support the completion of the dissertation research. The dissertation chair and the committee review and approve the final dissertation. The dissertation is complete when all committee members have approved the final product and signed off on the DrPH dissertation completion form. The self-study materials presented four high quality dissertations. One dissertation examined how private nonprofit hospital community benefit in the United States aligns with health, and the extent to which racial health inequities are addressed. Another sample dissertation examined the modifiable risk factors associated with eating disturbances, waist-to-height ratio, and cardiovascular biomarkers among a well-characterized cohort of black and white girls in the United States from the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute Growth and

Students from the DrPH program indicated that they feel	
well supported throughout their program and in their	
dissertation work. The DrPH students noted their	
satisfaction with the small class sizes and individual	
attention and support.	

D9. PUBLIC HEALTH BACHELOR'S DEGREE FOUNDATIONAL DOMAINS

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Curriculum ensures that all elements of all domains are covered at least once (see worksheet for detail) If curriculum intends to prepare students for a specific credential (e.g., CHES), curriculum addresses the areas of instruction required for credential eligibility		 Required coursework for the bachelor's degree includes the following six courses: PB HLTH 150A: Introduction to Epidemiology and Human Disease PB HLTH 150B: Human Health and the Environment in a Changing Word PB HLTH 150D: Introduction to Health Policy and Management PB HLTH 150E: Introduction to Community Health & Human Development PB HLTH 142: Introduction to Probability and Statistics in Biology and Public Health DATA8: Foundations of Data Science Site visitors verified coverage of each of the 11 foundational domains through review of materials. During the site visit, faculty shared examples of how the core curriculum covers domains. In PB HLTH 150A, students learn about and discuss the 10 greatest public health impacts and implications over time and effects on current 		

practices. They also assess public health functions and practices across the globe and health implications through a COVID-19 lens.	
Through case studies in PB HLTH 150E, students critically assess health inequities and community determinants of health, as well as core public health concepts and values.	
In PB Health 150D, students review case examples through the lens of the core societal functions of public health, assessment, policy development, and assurance.	
The D9 worksheet summarizes reviewers' findings.	

D9 Worksheet

Public Health Domains	Yes/CNV
1. Concepts and applications of basic statistics	Yes
2. Foundations of biological and life sciences	Yes
3. History & philosophy of public health as well as its core values, concepts & functions across the globe & in society	Yes
4. Basic concepts, methods & tools of public health data collection, use & analysis & why evidence-based approaches are an essential part of public health practice	Yes
5. Concepts of population health, & the basic processes, approaches & interventions that identify & address the major health-related needs & concerns of populations	Yes
6. Underlying science of human health & disease, including opportunities for promoting & protecting health across the life course	Yes
7. Socioeconomic, behavioral, biological, environmental & other factors that impact human health & contribute to health disparities	Yes
8. Fundamental concepts & features of project implementation, including planning, assessment & evaluation	Yes
9. Fundamental characteristics & organizational structures of the US health system as well as the differences between systems in other countries	Yes
10. Basic concepts of legal, ethical, economic & regulatory dimensions of health care & public health policy & the roles, influences & responsibilities of the different agencies	Yes
& branches of government	
11. Basic concepts of public health-specific communication, including technical & professional writing & the use of mass media & electronic technology	Yes

D10. PUBLIC HEALTH BACHELOR'S DEGREE FOUNDATIONAL COMPETENCIES

Criterion Elements	compliance Team's Evidence for Compliance Findi inding	ng School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Лet		
 Students demonstrate & are assessed on each competency & all its elements: ability to communicate public health information, in both oral & written forms, through a variety of media & to diverse audiences ability to locate, use, evaluate & synthesize public health information 	The school ensures that all public students demonstrate the tw competencies.PH HLTH 150 E Introduction to Comm Human Development covers commun 	vo foundational nunity Health and cation in both oral liver an individual n definitions of a duce visual images rete examples of hy. synthesize public o, Introduction to e final assignment, ate information on s, and evaluate the Epidemiology and a group project for rature on a specific ributions through	

	During the site visit, students expressed satisfaction with the curriculum and coverage of the foundational competencies.	
	The D10 worksheet summarizes reviewers' findings.	

D10 Worksheet

Competency Elements	Yes/CNV			
Public Health Communication				
Oral communication	Yes			
Written communication	Yes			
Communicate with diverse audiences	Yes			
Communicate through variety of media	Yes			
Information Literacy				
Locate information	Yes			
Use information	Yes			
Evaluate information	Yes			
Synthesize information	Yes			

D11. PUBLIC HEALTH BACHELOR'S DEGREE CUMULATIVE AND EXPERIENTIAL ACTIVITIES

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Students complete cumulative &		Students complete a cumulative, integrative, and scholarly	Click here to enter text.	The Council reviewed the self-study,
experiential activities		or applied experience or inquiry project that serves as a		team's report, and school's
Activities require students to		capstone to their education experience through the		response and concluded that there
integrate, synthesize & apply		approved capstone course in the final year or the final two		are no issues that give rise to
knowledge & program encourages		semesters prior to graduation. The school publishes the		commentary. Therefore, the Council
exposure to local-level		list of approved capstone course options for the current		acted to change the team's finding
professionals & agencies		academic year with a note that they are subject to change.		

Capstone course options include a senior research seminar, a preparation for public health practice seminar, and a range of topic-specific courses such as maternal and child nutrition and drinking water and health.	of met with commentary to a finding of met.
The approved capstone courses provide opportunities for students to integrate, synthesize, and apply concepts and methods presented in the breadth courses.	
 Sample cumulative projects include the following: Recommendation Against Use of Virus-neutralizing Monoclonal Antibody Treatment for COVID-19. Analysis provided for Kaiser Permanente San Francisco Excess Deaths and 911-Medically related calls during the 2017 Labor Day Heat Wave Event for the San Francisco Health Department The Past, Present, and Future of International Food Assistance: A Synthesis Report for Petaluma Bounty 	
The approved capstone courses offer a variety of ways for students to gain exposure to public health agencies and professionals including guest speakers, field trips, and applied learning projects.	
During the site visit, students expressed that they felt supported throughout their undergraduate experience. Partners and preceptors during the site visit expressed great satisfaction in engaging with students in a range of ways including precepting student internships, giving guest lectures, and collaborating on course assignments.	
The commentary relates to the students who select the senior research seminar to meet their capstone requirement. During the site visit, faculty shared that	

students in the seminar produce high-quality honors theses; in some of the sample theses provided, there was student collaboration with public health professionals. However, the seminar core content and requirements do	
not include consistent engagement with public health agencies or professionals.	

D12. PUBLIC HEALTH BACHELOR'S DEGREE CROSS-CUTTING CONCEPTS AND EXPERIENCES

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Program ensures opportunities available in all cross-cutting areas		The core coursework and community and professional service opportunities expose students to the 12 cross-cutting concepts and experiences.	Click here to enter text.	
		During the site visit, a faculty member shared an example of organizational and community dynamics. In PB HLTH 150 D: Introduction to Health Policy and Management, a guest speaker who is the chair of a local hospital board discusses organizational and community dynamics with regards to barriers to enacting health care system reforms and addressing systemic inequities.		
		A staff member explained that the RISE career services office hosts events and activities such as networking with alumni, mock interviews, and resume workshops.		
		The core curriculum includes group projects that cover teamwork and leadership, and during the site visit, students shared many examples of opportunities for active engagement in school decision making and student		

government. The D12 worksheet summarizes reviewers	,	
findings.		

D12 Worksheet

Cross-cutting Concepts & Experiences	Yes/CNV
1. Advocacy for protection & promotion of the public's health at all levels of society	Yes
2. Community dynamics	Yes
3. Critical thinking & creativity	Yes
4. Cultural contexts in which public health professionals work	Yes
5. Ethical decision making as related to self & society	Yes
6. Independent work & a personal work ethic	Yes
7. Networking	Yes
8. Organizational dynamics	Yes
9. Professionalism	Yes
10. Research methods	Yes
11. Systems thinking	Yes
12. Teamwork & leadership	Yes

D13. MPH PROGRAM LENGTH

Criterion Elements	Compliance	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Finding			
	Met			
MPH requires at least 42 semester		The school requires MPH students to successfully	Click here to enter text.	
credits or equivalent		complete 42 to 48 units to earn the degree. The campus-		
		based MPH curriculum takes most students two years to		
		complete the required 48 units. Four MPH plans of study		
		require 42 semester units: 1) joint MPH plans for students		
		enrolled concurrently with other graduate degrees, 2) the		
		4+1 MPH for those who have successfully completed the		
		BA in public health at UC Berkeley, 3) the On-		

Campus/Online MPH for working, mid-career professionals, and 4) the 11-month accelerated MPH for a limited number of professionals who have at least a master's degree or its equivalent.	
Program description materials contain sufficient detail on elective credit hours for concentrations by division. Reviewers confirmed that all MPH students, including those enrolled in joint degrees, complete at least 42 semester hours of public health coursework.	
Degree credits are measured in semester units, as specified by UC Berkeley's Academic Senate Regulation. One semester unit of academic credit is the equivalent of 15 classroom lecture hours or seminar contact hours.	

D14. DRPH PROGRAM LENGTH

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
DrPH requires at least 36 semester-credits, 48 quarter- credits of post-master's coursework or equivalent		The DrPH is a full-time campus-based program. The required course work consists of four full-time semesters (48 units = 720 seminar contact hours) and a minimum of 12 units of dissertation research credits (equivalent to		
Defines credits appropriately—e.g., credit for thesis writing or independent internship hours not		180 hours of dissertation research creats (equivalent to 180 hours of dissertation contact hours), for a minimum total of 60 units.		
included in 36		Reviewers validated that all students complete at least 36 credits of post-master's coursework, not including internship hours or dissertation writing. Eight of the required courses (23 credits) are post-master's level, and		
		DrPH students are expected to work with their faculty		

advisor to identify appropriate upper division courses to fulfill the public health ethics, research methods, and	
elective requirements.	

D15. BACHELOR'S DEGREE PROGRAM LENGTH

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Required credit hours commensurate with other similar degrees in institution		Students in the Bachelor of Arts in Public Health complete a minimum of 120 semester units, including 36 upper division units, 21 required units, 10 elective units, and		
Clear, public policies on coursework taken elsewhere,		three units for the required capstone in their senior year.		
including at community colleges		The school accepts transfer credit according to agreement policies between the California community colleges and UC Berkeley.		

D16. ACADEMIC AND HIGHLY SPECIALIZED PUBLIC HEALTH MASTER'S DEGREES

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met	1		
Defines specific assessment activity		The school offers the following academic public health	Click here to enter text.	
for each of the foundational public		master's degrees: MA in biostatistics and MS in		
health learning objectives (see		environmental health sciences, epidemiology, global		
worksheet for detail)		health and environment, and health and medical sciences.		
Depth of instruction in 12 learning				
objectives is equivalent to 3-		Students in all academic master's degrees receive		
semester-credit course		coverage and demonstrate the 12 foundational public		

Ensures curriculum is grounded in	health learning objectives in the PB HLTH W200:		
appropriate competencies	Foundation of Public Health Practice course; students have		
Curriculum addresses scientific &	the option to enroll in this course for credit or not for		
analytic approaches to discovery &	credit. This 13-week online course includes readings,		
translation of public health	lectures, videos, online activities, group assignments,		
knowledge	quizzes, discussion forums, and a final exam. The depth of		
Instruction in scientific & analytic	instruction and the number of assessment opportunities is		
approaches is at least equivalent to	equivalent to a three-credit course.		
a 3-semester-credit course			
Students produce an appropriately	Each academic master's curriculum is grounded in a set of		
rigorous discovery-based paper or	five to six competencies outlining the knowledge and skills		
project at or near end of program	associated with each degree. In addition, each requires		
Students have opportunities to	appropriate course work in population-based scientific and		
engage in research at level	analytic approaches. Required courses in epidemiology		
appropriate to program's	and biostatistics (e.g., Epidemiologic Methods I/II,		
objectives	Introduction to Multivariate Statistics, Statistical Analysis		
	of Categorical Data) cover quantitative methods, while		
	PB HLTH W200: Foundation of Public Health Practice		
	covers qualitative methods.		
	Students in each academic master's degree program		
	complete an appropriately rigorous final research project.		
	Formats, which differ by department, include systematic		
	literature reviews, formal meta-analyses, research		
	articles, theses, or a comprehensive examination. The		
	format of the comprehensive exam includes both written		
	deliverables and an oral exam. Student handbooks or		
	other documentation (in the case of the MS in health and		
	medical sciences) include guidelines on the development		
	of these culminating projects.		
	The team's review of the samples provided in the ERF		
	confirmed that products in each degree program are		
	appropriately rigorous and of high quality. During the site		

visit, the team heard multiple examples of the many research opportunities available to students in the school, including research assistantships.	
The D16 worksheet summarizes reviewers' findings.	

D16 Worksheets

D16-1

Foundational Knowledge	Yes/CNV
1. Explain public health history, philosophy & values	Yes
2. Identify the core functions of public health & the 10 Essential Services	Yes
3. Explain the role of quantitative & qualitative methods & sciences in describing & assessing a population's health	Yes
4. List major causes & trends of morbidity & mortality in the US or other community relevant to the school or program	Yes
5. Discuss the science of primary, secondary & tertiary prevention in population health, including health promotion, screening, etc.	Yes
6. Explain the critical importance of evidence in advancing public health knowledge	Yes
7. Explain effects of environmental factors on a population's health	Yes
8. Explain biological & genetic factors that affect a population's health	Yes
9. Explain behavioral & psychological factors that affect a population's health	Yes
10. Explain the social, political & economic determinants of health & how they contribute to population health & health inequities	Yes
11. Explain how globalization affects global burdens of disease	Yes
12. Explain an ecological perspective on the connections among human health, animal health & ecosystem health (e.g., One Health)	Yes

D17. ACADEMIC PUBLIC HEALTH DOCTORAL DEGREES

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Defines specific assessment activity		The school offers the following academic public health	Click here to enter text.	
for each of the foundational public		doctoral degree concentrations: biostatistics,		
health learning objectives (see		environmental health sciences, epidemiology, health		
worksheet for detail)		policy (with specialization in health economics,		

of research manuscripts suitable for publication. The team's review of the samples provided in the supporting documents confirmed that products in each degree program are appropriately rigorous and of very high quality.	
Doctoral students have ample opportunities to engage in research. During the site visit, students described research collaborations with faculty and participating in research groups and labs; they also noted the availability of paid research opportunities as well as support provided for students who apply for research funding.	
The D17 worksheet summarizes reviewers' findings.	

D17 Worksheet

Foundational Knowledge	Yes/CNV
1. Explain public health history, philosophy & values	Yes
2. Identify the core functions of public health & the 10 Essential Services	Yes
3. Explain the role of quantitative & qualitative methods & sciences in describing & assessing a population's health	Yes
4. List major causes & trends of morbidity & mortality in the US or other community relevant to the school or program	Yes
5. Discuss the science of primary, secondary & tertiary prevention in population health, including health promotion, screening, etc.	Yes
6. Explain the critical importance of evidence in advancing public health knowledge	Yes
7. Explain effects of environmental factors on a population's health	Yes
8. Explain biological & genetic factors that affect a population's health	Yes
9. Explain behavioral & psychological factors that affect a population's health	Yes
10. Explain the social, political & economic determinants of health & how they contribute to population health & health inequities	Yes
11. Explain how globalization affects global burdens of disease	Yes
12. Explain an ecological perspective on the connections among human health, animal health & ecosystem health (e.g., One Health)	Yes

D18. ALL REMAINING DEGREES

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Not Applicable	2		

D19. DISTANCE EDUCATION

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
	ince			
Instructional methods support		The school offers and fully administers an online MPH for	Click here to enter text.	
regular & substantive interaction		four concentrations: epidemiology and biostatistics;		
between & among students & the		health policy and management; interdisciplinary; and		
instructor		public health nutrition.		
Curriculum is guided by clearly				
articulated learning outcomes that		The online offerings use a hybrid model with mostly online		
are rigorously evaluated		instruction and two visits to campus totaling 15 days.		
Curriculum is subject to the same		Campus visits allow online students to meet their peers in		
quality control processes as other		the campus-based formats as well as faculty that teach		
degree programs in the university		outside of the online offerings. The programs offer courses		
Curriculum includes planned &		in seven-, eight-, and 15-weekformats through fall, spring,		
evaluated learning experiences that		and summer semesters. Courses include asynchronous		
are responsive to the needs of		instruction, graded asynchronous structured discussion		
online learners		sessions, applied team projects, synchronous lab sessions,		
Provides necessary administrative,		and optional live journal club sessions. Faculty also provide		
information technology &		synchronous office hours.		
student/faculty support services				
Ongoing effort to evaluate		The school began offering the online modality to extend		
academic effectiveness & make		its learning environment and to reduce the existing		
program improvements		shortage of trained public health professionals in		

Processes in place to confirm	California and nationally. The online modality offers	
student identity & to notify	students who cannot attend place-based programs an	
students of privacy rights and of	opportunity to pursue their MPH.	
any projected charges associated		
with identity verification	To ensure rigor, the admissions standards and program	
	quality are the same as the on-campus format. The Online	
	MPH Steering Committee and the Online Education	
	Faculty Steering Committee (a Faculty Council sub-	
	committee) monitor academic rigor, and the Graduate	
	Council reviews the online program for academic rigor and	
	student outcomes on a three-year cycle.	
	Online courses undergo the same course review and	
	approval process as on-campus courses at both the school	
	and university level. The school reviews online courses	
	annually for student learning and satisfaction and updates	
	courses to remain current. The school also uses three	
	metrics to evaluate the program: student satisfaction,	
	student learning, and instructor satisfaction. Teaching	
	teams, which include an instructional designer, debrief	
	annually for each online course, consider the three	
	metrics, and identify areas for improvement.	
	Improvements include updating course materials and	
	providing instructors with additional course development	
	support as needed.	
	School faculty and staff provide all administrative, IT, and	
	student support services in-house. The online program's	
	leadership includes an executive director who is	
	responsible for marketing, recruitment, program	
	administration, financial management, and strategic	
	planning, as well as a faculty director, academic director,	
	and a faculty lead for each concentration to oversee the	
	curriculum.	

	The director of online student services and advising oversees academic, practicum, and career advising. The director monitors student progress closely and provides support to students and instructors at the first sign of under-performance. The school also receives IT support including exam proctoring, educational technology, and instructional design support through the instructional design team.	
	Student verification starts once a student matriculates; they receive an official CalNet ID which is required to access all campus systems including the learning management system that hosts course material. The university also uses a two-step authentication process with the CalNet ID, which requires students to authenticate with a timed passcode sent via text every two weeks. Student identity is also verified during their first intensive on-campus visit via driver's license or passport to receive their student ID card. Faculty also engage with students regularly via Zoom as part of courses and group projects. Finally, each course has a proctored exam, which requires the proctor to verify each student's ID before beginning the exam.	

E1. FACULTY ALIGNMENT WITH DEGREES OFFERED

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Faculty teach & supervise students		The school's 54 Primary Instructional Faculty (PIF) are well	Click here to enter text.	
in areas of knowledge with which		qualified to teach and supervise students. All hold a PhD,		
they are thoroughly familiar &		another doctoral degree in affiliated areas of public health		

qualified by the totality of their education & experience	across the areas of concentrations offered, or an MD degree.	
Faculty education & experience is appropriate for the degree level (e.g., bachelor's, master's) & nature of program (e.g., research, practice)	Degrees cover a range of fields including health promotion; social and behavioral health; health policy and management; gerontology; environmental health; epidemiology; biostatistics; infectious diseases; maternal, child and adolescent health; nutrition; and global health.	
	Non-PIF (117) who provide regular instruction hold PhD, DrPH, MD, ScD, MPH, MPP, JD, or MBA degrees. Twenty- six non-PIFs also have an MPH degree. Non-PIF have the requisite academic training and expertise appropriate to their areas of instruction and for their other responsibilities within the school, which complement the expertise of the PIF.	

E2. INTEGRATION OF FACULTY WITH PRACTICE EXPERIENCE

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			1
Employs faculty who have		The school employs several PIF with significant practice	Click here to enter text.	
professional experience in settings		experience in settings outside of academia. Those		
outside of academia & have		experiences include service as the director for HIV with		
demonstrated competence in public		the Global Health Program of the Bill and Melinda Gates		
health practice		Foundation; a clinical psychologist for adolescents; a		
Encourages faculty to maintain		physician with over 30 years practice experience in family		
ongoing practice links with public		medicine and emergency medicine, including 20 years		
health agencies, especially at state		with the City of Berkeley Public Health Division; a nutrition		
& local levels		officer and consultant in Zimbabwe and Zambia and with		

Regularly involves practitioners in	the World Bank; a physician who served as an Epidemic	
instruction through variety of	Intelligence Service officer and in leadership roles with	
methods & types of affiliation	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; a healthcare	
	analyst and manager for a large medical organization; and	
	an environmental health advisor for USAID's Bureau for	
	Global Health. In addition, the school's dean directed	
	HRSA's Maternal and Child Health Bureau during the	
	Obama Administration.	
	The school employs over 100 non-PIF as adjuncts, clinical	
	faculty, lecturers, and joint appointments. Many non-PIF	
	work in practice-based organizations, such as local and	
	state public health and other governmental agencies,	
	healthcare organizations, local and international non-	
	governmental organizations, and consultancies. These	
	faculty integrate their practice experiences into	
	instruction: for example, the vice president of the	
	California Endowment and the senior advocate of	
	Consumers Union's West Coast office have co-taught a	
	course on advocacy.	
	The school recently launched the changemaker initiative	
	to equip students with the knowledge, tools, skills, and	
	competencies needed for leading organizational, systems,	
	community, societal, and global change. Primarily	
	practice-based faculty and their community partners	
	teach four micro-courses on leading change, community	
	organizing, public health communication, and public	
	health advocacy.	
	School faculty invite current public health practitioners,	
	many of whom are program alumni, as guest lecturers in	
	various courses. One example is the executive director of	
	La Clinica de La Raza, a federally qualified health center.	

	Health department staff teach many of the online courses,	
	such as "R for Public Health."	

E3. FACULTY INSTRUCTIONAL EFFECTIVENESS

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Systems in place to document that		The school evaluates faculty instructional effectiveness	Click here to enter text.	
all faculty are current in areas of		through two types of faculty evaluations. Faculty undergo		
instructional responsibility		regular merit evaluations every two to three years		
Systems in place to document that		depending on rank as well as intermittent evaluations for		
all faculty are current in pedagogical		promotion specific to threshold steps; instructional		
methods		effectiveness is a core element of these merit evaluations.		
Establishes & consistently applies		Faculty evaluations include detailed descriptions of		
procedures for evaluating faculty		teaching quantity and quality. Input for teaching reviews		
competence & performance in		comes from a variety of sources including formal student		
instruction		course evaluations (at the end of each semester), input		
Supports professional development		from former students, the Committee on Teaching		
& advancement in instructional		Excellence, and the Academic Personnel Committee.		
effectiveness for all faculty		Faculty members' contribution in curriculum		
		development and usage of innovative teaching methods		
		accompanies the student course evaluation data.		
		The school provides many resources to support		
		instructional effectiveness including the Center for		
		Teaching and Learning (university-level), four		
		instructional designers at the school who support the		
		faculty and programs, the Instructional Resiliency		
		Pedagogy Project, teaching town halls, and formal faculty		
		teaching programs such as the Anti-Racist Faculty		
		Pedagogy Academy. During the site visit, several faculty		
		members said that the Center for Teaching and Learning		

is an important source of support for all faculty in pursuing		
instructional improvement and technology.		
To ensure that courses are current, faculty review all		
course syllabi regularly for currency in the discipline. The		
review begins in the division, moves to the Educational		
Policy and Curriculum Committee, and then the University		
Committee on Curriculum and Instruction. Faculty		
members also engage in professional development to		
maintain currency in their areas of instructional		
responsibility. The school reviews non-PIF after their sixth		
year of teaching; this includes a review of content		
expertise and currency of course resources.		
The school lists three indicators related to faculty		
instructional effectiveness. The first is faculty currency,		
which two committees review. The Changemakers		
External Task Force charge is to advance additional public		
health skill competencies. The Educational Policy and		
Curriculum Committee reviews 10-12% (20-30 courses) of		
curricula every academic year.		
The second indicator is faculty instructional technique		
review via student satisfaction and student course		
evaluations. Since 2020, the average instructor		
effectiveness scores for faculty have been 6.30 mean and		
6.59 median on the rating scale of one to seven.		
-		
The third indicator tracks teaching assistants trained in		
pedagogical techniques. UC Berkley requires that all first-		
time graduate student instructors train on pedagogical		
techniques.		
	1	

E4. FACULTY SCHOLARSHIP

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Policies & practices in place to support faculty involvement in scholarly activities Faculty are involved in research & scholarly activity, whether funded or unfunded Type & extent of faculty research aligns with mission & types of degrees offered Faculty integrate their own experiences with scholarly activities		The school's reappointment, tenure, and promotion criteria provide expectations for research and scholarly activities. Expectations include a consistent pattern of growth in research and scholarship; evidence of excellence and productivity to support advancement; as well as impact on knowledge and/or practice that addresses public health needs. The school has intentionally decided to engage in a holistic wide range of research areas. Research expectation metrics vary by discipline, and the school offers a junior faculty mentorship program.		
into instructional activities Students have opportunities for involvement in faculty research & scholarly activities		The university and school offer resources to support faculty research. At the university level, the Sponsored Projects Office, Berkley Research Development Office, Contract and Grant Accounting, and Berkley Regional Services for Professional Schools Region provide support. These offices help faculty identify potential funding opportunities and to develop proposals, provide training with budgeting and submission, and provide support throughout the entire grant administration lifecycle. At the school level, the associate dean of research and director of research development lead support of the research activities such as providing grant development and writing workshops, one-on-one grant writing consultations, strategy, planning, and promoting and coordinating collaborative research. The director of		

research development is also responsible for informing	
the faculty about currently funded research and	
publications. The associate dean of research oversees	
research policy and regulatory compliance.	
The school provides several student opportunities for	
involvement with faculty research and scholarly activities	
through the Undergraduate Research Apprenticeship	
Program, Youth Equity Discovery Experience, California	
Emerging Infections Program, the Center for Healthcare	
Organizational and Innovation Research, and California	
Breast Cancer Research Program and others. Additionally,	
faculty integrate their research and scholarly activities in	
courses. For example, one faculty member integrates his	
published articles into PB HLTH 231A: Analytic Methods	
for Health Policy and Management to demonstrate how	
to apply techniques taught. During the site visit, students	
said that there is an abundance of research support from	
the faculty at the school.	
The school makes decisions about faculty advancement	
on research and scholarly activities based on publication	
record, including impact and quality, invitation to deliver	
lectures, prizes and awards, extramural grant funding, and	
contributions to diversity, equity, and inclusion.	
contributions to diversity, equity, and inclusion.	
The school selected four indicators that capture faculty	
research and scholarship outcomes. The indicators	
include the percentage of faculty participating in research	
activities, total research funding, number of grant	
submissions, and grant success rate.	
The nercontage of foculty participating is record	
The percentage of faculty participating in research	
activities increased from 90% in 2019 to 93% in 2021. The	

total research funding was \$86.2 million in 2019 and dropped to \$49.7 million in 2020 and \$59.5 million in 2021, as a result of the retirements noted in Criterion C2. The number of grant submissions was 274 in 2019, 296 in 2020 and dropped to 227 in 2021. The grant success rate was 43% in 2019, 47% in 2020, and 46% in 2021. All
indicators have met or exceeded the school's self-defined targets for each year.

E5. FACULTY EXTRAMURAL SERVICE

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Defines expectations for faculty extramural service Faculty are actively engaged with the community through communication, consultation, provision of technical assistance & other means		University and public service is one of the four criteria considered for appointment, promotion, and appraisal. "Services by members of the faculty to the community, state, and nation, both in their special capacities as scholars and in areas beyond those special capacities when the work done is at a sufficiently high level and of sufficiently high quality, should likewise be recognized as evidence for promotion." The school identifies faculty extramural service as an expectation that reflects commitment to the school's aim to improve the health and welfare of the communities with which the school collaborates and serves. Extramural service may include professional service, efforts to improve public health, participation in community programs, policy development, outreach, and support of diversity, equity, and inclusion. Salary support for ladder-rank faculty is inclusive of service activities, including extramural service activities.		

The school's director of research development, pre- and	
post-award personnel, and a business contracts office are	
available to identify and support funding opportunities for	
service-oriented or community-based initiatives. The	
school is recruiting a senior executive dean for practice	
and chief social impact officer who will help facilitate	
faculty extramural service activities for collective social	
impact.	
1. · · · ·	
Review of faculty CVs document that faculty members	
have served and are serving on numerous and varied	
boards, committees, and advisory groups of local, state,	
national, and international organizations, both	
governmental and nongovernmental. Faculty CVs almost	
uniformly delineate strong records of non-university	
service.	
The self-study highlighted several examples of extramural	
service that involved students. For over 10 years, an HPM	
faculty member has served on the board of trustees of a	
community-based hospital that serves a predominantly	
public insurance population in San Francisco. She	
incorporates her experience as a board member, and now	
board chair, into courses on healthcare strategy and	
healthcare finance to address issues of capital	
investments, hiring organizational leadership, and	
organizational governance.	
The instructor and students in the Drinking Water and	
Health course worked with the city of Berkeley to locate	
and map all public water fountains in the city and identify	
disparities in location and condition based on the	
socioeconomic status of neighborhoods. Their work	
helped guide the city's maintenance work.	

The instructor and students in an undergraduate mental health course worked with an associate executive dean to develop a new peer advising group to help reduce student stress.	
A September 2022 survey of faculty identified 37 faculty- student service collaborations. Faculty self-reported faculty-student collaborations in PB HLTH 204A: Mass Communication in Public Health and PB HLTH 223C: Strategic Management in the Health Care Sector, and programs such as the Youth Equity Discovery Initiative and Berkeley Kavli Center for Ethics, Science, and the Public.	
During the site visit, the associate dean for faculty and academic affairs reiterated the school's commitment to extramural service and collaborations and the resulting expectations of faculty. She identifies one of her roles as articulating that commitment, those expectations, and the resulting faculty accomplishments when preparing packages for faculty advancement and promotion.	

F1. COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT IN SCHOOL/PROGRAM EVALUATION & ASSESSMENT

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met	•		
Engages with community		The school regularly engages with stakeholders, including	Click here to enter text	
stakeholders, alumni, employers &		alumni and public health leaders, for input on strategic		
other relevant community partners.		planning, curriculum content and currency, and alignment		
Does not exclusively use data from		of curricula with public health practice and research		
supervisors of student practice		needs. Formal structures for input include the Dean's		
experiences		Advisory Board and the Public Health Alumni Association.		

Ensures that constituents provide regular feedback on all of these:

- student outcomes •
- curriculum
- overall planning processes •
- self-study process

Defines methods designed to provide useful information & regularly examines methods Regularly reviews findings from

constituent feedback

The school established the Dean's Advisory Board in 1993 to advise the dean and support the school's mission. The current board includes 15 members representing leaders across the public health workforce, and some are also alumni.

The Public Health Alumni Association (PHAA) fosters personal and professional relationships among students and alumni. The volunteer board of directors leads the association and comprises 18 elected directors, one director appointed by the dean, and three student representatives appointed by the student body. The dean serves as an ex-officio boar regularly throughout the ac standing committees, spor activities to promote development of students a

The school convenes two additional constituent groups to strengthen community engagement. The Changemakers External Task Force is a group of 16 members representing public health executives and advisors who have led change in health organizations and systems. The school formed the task force to ensure that students enhance their public health competencies in leadership, communication, community organizing, and advocacy.

The school formed the Community Action Board Planning Committee in spring 2021 to ensure representation of diverse community voices in the school's decision-making and goals of becoming an anti-racist institution. Honoraria support the five members.

by the student body. The dean	
ard member. The PHAA meets	
cademic year, and through its	
nsors programs, events, and	
the mutual professional	
and alumni.	

Additionally, the school gathers input on the effectiveness	
of the curriculum and changing public health practice	
needs from surveys of practicum preceptors, alumni, and	
employers. For example, recent findings from the alumni	
survey indicate that alumni seek further development in	
leadership competencies. In response, the school formed	
the Changemakers External Task Force. Feedback from	
preceptors not only informs which competencies are most	
important in different work settings, but also provides the	
school and faculty with insights for improving the process	
for current and future preceptor organizations.	
The school's external partners contribute to ongoing	
school operations. School leaders facilitate presentations	
and discussions at regularly scheduled meetings to collect	
feedback, discuss findings, and monitor plans for	
improvements. Criterion B2 provides additional	
information about how the school engaged stakeholder	
groups with updating the strategic plan and aligning it	
with meaningful measures to evaluate the school's	
progress in advancing its mission.	
During the site visit meeting with stakeholders, members	
of the Dean's Advisory Board and PHAA confirmed their	
involvement with the strategic plan update and self-study	
preparation. A board member described his positive	
experiences sharing feedback directly with the dean.	
PHAA directors, preceptors, and employers also shared	
examples of providing feedback to the dean and other	
school leaders. One employer said she finds it exciting	
when public health positions in her organization are filled	
by former students, including ones she mentored. All	
meeting participants expressed that the school invites	

their feedback, responds appropriately, and treats then as valuable community partners.		
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F2. STUDENT INVOLVEMENT IN COMMUNITY & PROFESSIONAL SERVICE

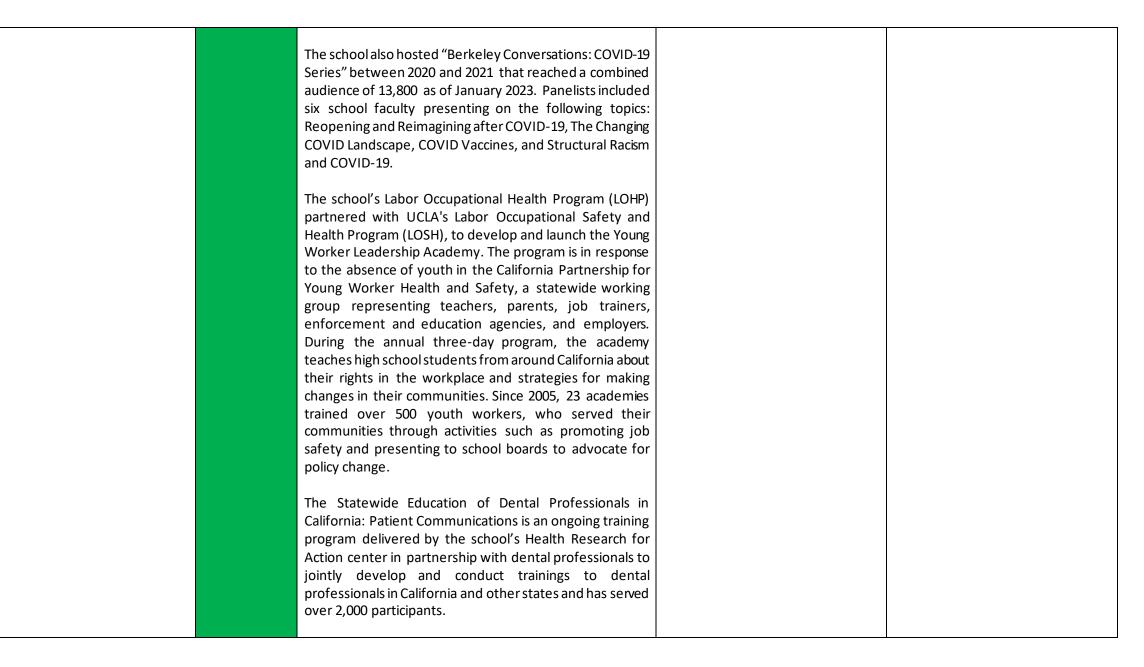
The school provides numerous community and professional service opportunities that are available to all students. These opportunities expose students to contexts in which public health work is performed outside of an academic setting and emphasize the importance of learning and contributing to professional advancement of the field. The school's student services office begins sending communications to students in the summer before they matriculate to establish a line of communication and provide information. The assistant dean for students sends a Friday Note and a weekly student digest each week to share a curated list of events, opportunities, and resources. The school's orientation introduces all public health students to community members and resources to connect with student organizations and networks. Starting in fall 2020, all incoming students participate in a virtual, interactive anti-racism workshop facilitated by alumni to provide them with skills that will help them in service work. The same alumni teach an elective course	Click here to enter text.	
	 professional service opportunities that are available to all students. These opportunities expose students to contexts in which public health work is performed outside of an academic setting and emphasize the importance of learning and contributing to professional advancement of the field. The school's student services office begins sending communications to students in the summer before they matriculate to establish a line of communication and provide information. The assistant dean for students sends a Friday Note and a weekly student digest each week to share a curated list of events, opportunities, and resources. The school's orientation introduces all public health students to community members and resources to connect with student organizations and networks. Starting in fall 2020, all incoming students will help them in 	professional service opportunities that are available to all students. These opportunities expose students to contexts in which public health work is performed outside of an academic setting and emphasize the importance of learning and contributing to professional advancement of the field. The school's student services office begins sending communications to students in the summer before they matriculate to establish a line of communication and provide information. The assistant dean for students sends a Friday Note and a weekly student digest each week to share a curated list of events, opportunities, and resources. The school's orientation introduces all public health students to community members and resources to connect with student organizations and networks. Starting in fall 2020, all incoming students participate in a virtual, interactive anti-racism workshop facilitated by alumni to provide them with skills that will help them in service work. The same alumni teach an elective course

teach students skills and tools to advance an anti-racist agenda within the field.	
The school's chief of diversity, equity, inclusion, and belonging writes monthly statements to increase the visibility and amplify the voices of community members. Each statement includes opportunities for students to engage in community actions or events, as well as training and mental health resources.	
RISE: Berkeley Public Health Careers & Leadership Office provides additional leadership and training experiences such as Leadership Day, Leadership Boot Camp, Public Health 291 leadership course, Public Health Leadership and Experience Exchange (PHLEX), and Career Champions.	
The DREAM office (Diversity, Respect, Equity, Action, Multiculturalism) supports the creation of a public health workforce that mirrors the demographics of communities by providing professional development and community service opportunities for prospective and current students who have faced historical, economic, and educational barriers.	
The school's student government and university campus have dozens of committees for students to engage in shaping policy in a wide range of areas such as environmental, housing, and transportation initiatives. Students have participated in community and professional service through affinity and cohort groups such as the Alianza Latinx for Public Health Action, Asian & Pacific Islander Women's Circle, and Black Advocates for Equity in Health.	

Reviewers confirmed during the site visit meeting with students that the school provides ample community and	
service opportunities for all students, as well as relevant	
training and support to prepare students to fully engage	
in the opportunities.	

F3. DELIVERY OF PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR THE WORKFORCE

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Provides activities that address professional development needs of the current public health workforce		The school regularly provides activities that address professional development needs of the local, regional, national, and global public health workforce through multiple modalities including workshops, webinars, and micro-courses. The school collects and responds to feedback to tailor professional development opportunities to expressed needs.		
		The school describes four recent examples in the self- study document. Two activities were in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. During the first year of the pandemic, the school addressed the need to disseminate factual, evidence-based information to counter the abundance of mis- and disinformation by delivering, "COVID-19: Disparities, Dialogue, & Dissemination (A Communication Training Series)." The school's RISE office partnered with three registered student organizations to host the six-part training series from January through March 2021, serving 94 external participants. Three school faculty were among the featured speakers who explained COVID-19 health disparities and how to communicate COVID-19 research and findings to the public.		



During the site visit, stakeholders expressed high	
satisfaction with the professional development	
opportunities UC Berkeley provides for the current public	
health workforce. Stakeholders said that the school asks	
them about their professional development needs and	
works to address them.	

G1. DIVERSITY & CULTURAL COMPETENCE

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Defines appropriate priority		The school defines underrepresented minority (URM)	Click here to enter text.	
population(s)		applicants and students as individuals self-reporting as		
Identifies goals to advance diversity		American Indian/Alaska Native, Black/African American,		
& cultural competence, as well as		Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, or Chicano/Latino.		
strategies to achieve goals		Additionally, the school is committed to first generation,		
Learning environment prepares		low income, disabled, neurodiverse, LGBTQI+,		
students with broad competencies		undocumented, and formerly incarcerated individuals as		
regarding diversity & cultural		well as those formerly in the foster system, student		
competence		parents, immigrants, and veterans. The school selected		
Identifies strategies and actions		these populations based on the university's diversity		
that create and maintain a		statement, which identifies the need to remove barriers to		
culturally competent environment		recruitment, retention, and advancement for individuals		
Practices support recruitment,		from historically excluded populations that are currently		
retention, promotion of faculty		underrepresented. The school did not clearly identify a		
(and staff, if applicable), with		priority population for faculty/staff in the self-study		
attention to priority population(s)		however during the site visit, they explained that due to		
Practices support recruitment,		California legislation, the school cannot elevate a		
retention, graduation of diverse		minoritized group except for Indigenous populations. Their		
students, with attention to priority		goal is to meet the needs of diverse students, faculty		
population(s)				

Regularly collects & reviews	bodies, and the state of California. They invest funding and
quantitative & qualitative data &	effort to reach out and recruit a large applicant pool.
uses data to inform & adjust	
strategies	The school established the Anti-racism, Diversity, Equity,
Perceptions of climate regarding	Inclusion, Belonging, and Justice (ADEIBJ) Strategic
diversity & cultural competence are	Framework 2022 with goals related to teaching and
positive	learning, social impact, belonging, and infrastructure.
	Examples of goals include:
	1. Advance effectual anti-racist and racial justice
	pedagogy and praxis in school curriculum.
	2. Recruit, admit, and matriculate diverse cohorts of
	student changemakers in public health and social
	justice.
	3. Increase financial opportunities unique to supporting
	intersectional identities.
	4. Attract, hire, and retain invisibilized and absent
	faculty, other academics, and staff by strengthening
	ADEIBJ processes and practices.
	The school engages in many strategies to achieve the goals
	set out in the strategic plan including offering satellite
	advising hours with the Education Opportunity Program
	(EOP) office to host bi-weekly advising sessions for
	undergraduate public health students from
	underrepresented populations. Other campus partners
	also provide pre-application workshops to
	underrepresented populations.
	The school completed a two stage process as part of the
	strategic plan, an anti-racism community needs
	assessment and a diversity, equity, inclusion, belonging,
	and justice data review and inventory collection, which will
	inform the policies and procedures for graduate student
	recruitment and admissions such as expanding networksof

prospective students and establishing pipelines for	
underrepresented applicants by building partnerships with	
minority serving institutions, community based	
organizations, and campus clubs. Strategies focused on	
faculty and staff include updating its faculty search plan,	
training faculty equity advisors in diversity practices for	
faculty searches, and joining the first university faculty	
cluster hire efforts.	
The school maintains a culturally competent environment	
through a variety of methods including hosting an Anti-	
racism Student Experience Workgroup, hosting an anti-	
racism training during welcome week, and requiring	
graduate students to complete a course on community-	
based participatory methods. Other examples include	
weaving cultural competence in courses such as PH 210:	
Foundations of Maternal and Child Health Policy, Practice	
and Science and hosting a Weight Inclusive Public Health	
Symposium, a Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment	
Prevention Committee, and a Wellness and Sustainability	
Committee.	
To measure its success with recruiting and admitting its	
priority populations, the school uses data from ASPPH and	
Cal Answers. It also collects demographic information	
about faculty through Cal Answers. Among the school's	
graduate programs, the MPH program has had the highest	
acceptance for URM students between 2019 and 2022. The	
school also tracks enrollment, student completions, and	
faculty/staff demographics to monitor progress. Between	
2019 and 2021, URM graduate student enrollment	
headcounts increased from 152 to 215. During the same	
time period, URM faculty increased slightly from 16% to	

remained stable. The school uses multiple methods to measure faculty, staff, and student perceptions of the school's climate. The school	
and student perceptions of the school's climate. The school	
	I
used the annual climate survey from 2016 through 2019	
and sent it to all faculty, other academics, staff, and	
students. The data showed that discrimination by position	
and race/ethnicity still occurs, that there is a disconnect	
between how faculty and staff thought they prioritized	
mental health versus treatment of students, and a lack of	
opportunities for creating and strengthening community	
within the school. As a result of the findings, the dean and	
his leadership team focused on advancing the strategic	
plan, promoting mental health and well-being, and	
supporting community building.	
The school's 2020 baseline anti-racism survey was	
administered to all academics, faculty, staff, and students	
to gain perspective on the school as an anti-racist	
institution. Two significant results were that students were	
more likely than other members of the community to	
identify as targets of racial mistreatment and that students	
were more motivated to learn and employ anti-racism	
techniques than other members of the community. In	
response to the results, the school established the Student	
Experience Workgroup, which set goals focusing on anti-	
racism education through implementation of an elective	
course, incorporating content and behaviors in syllabi, and	
incorporating anti-racism community agreements into	
environmental health sciences courses.	
The school switched to more frequent student pulse	
surveys to collect data in real time. During the 2021-22	

academic year, 88% of respondents scored courses at	
4.0 or higher out of 5.0 when asked about whether courses	
foster a respectful and inclusive environment. The school	
supplements these methods with course evaluations	
looking at climate and instructor engagement. Across these	
methods, perceptions of climate were generally positive	
including ratings of an average of 6.58 out of 7.0 for climate	
regarding faculty. During the site visit, faculty and staff said	
that they also collected qualitative data such as	
information on microaggressions, and the dean has	
discussed findings during regular meetings with the faculty	
and students. The school has a feedback loop to improve	
the climate.	
During the site visit, members of Dean's Advisory	
Committee talked highly about the dean's perspective and	
actions toward increasing diversity at the school. They	
mentioned that there is an open conversation and	
transparency about diversity.	
transparency about diversity.	
One always beard manufactures said that the doop shared	
One alumni board member also said that the dean shared	
the cultural climate survey result with them and invited	
their feedback.	

H1. ACADEMIC ADVISING

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Students have ready access to advisors from the time of enrollment		Each graduate student has a faculty advisor in their area of concentration who is prepared to discuss the student's program of study, academic progress, and career goals. It		

lvisors are actively engaged &	is the faculty advisor's responsibility to assist the student	
owledgeable about the curricula	in developing an optimal program that meets the	
about specific courses & programs	requirements for the degree and ensures sufficient	
study	flexibility to meet the student's individual goals. Faculty	
alified individuals monitor	advisors are expected to be available to advise students	
ident progress & identify and	during orientation week, early in each student's first	
pport those who may experience	semester, and at least once per semester. In addition,	
ficulty	there are graduate student affairs officers (GSAOs) who	
ientation, including written	are responsible for the administrative advising of	
idance, is provided to all entering	graduate students. GSAOs remind students about	
idents	registration and fellowship deadlines, stay abreast of	
laents		
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
	Faculty advisors for graduate students are assigned by the	
	 university requirements, and manage requisite administrative paperwork. Program managers also advise students on enrollment policies and procedures and track and review student progress on degree requirements. Program managers, GSAOs, and faculty program directors host regular check-ins with students and are available for one-on-one advising appointments. Program staff also send announcements throughout the semester so that students are aware of upcoming deadlines and resources for academic and professional development and student well-being. Some programs schedule group advising sessions attended by all students, faculty advisors, the faculty program director, and the program manager. Faculty advisors for graduate students are assigned by the faculty program director based on each student's research and professional interests and faculty availability. For PhD programs, faculty advisors are identified during the PhD admissions process; a faculty advisor is matched with a student based on interests and funding opportunities and is identified in the admission offer letter. The faculty program director meets with any faculty member who is new to the advisor role to discuss 	

advisor responsibilities and intr	5
Programs document the role	s and responsibilities of
faculty advisors in their stude	nt handbooks and other
handouts shared with faculty.	
The undergraduate program	managers also serve as
academic advisors, offering	-
advising services for currently	
students, prospective public he	-
health minors, and prospectiv	
advise students on public h	
requirements, course enrollm	
for study abroad, and applying	
Advisors review student	
requirements, identify pro	
progression, and recomme	
academic advisors select and su	
peer advisors as another resource	
peer auvisors as another resou	rce for new students.
A normality the selection study	
Annually, the school has a stude	
new graduate students. Stud	
school dean, graduate division	,
dean for students, and get to m	
other students. Orientation i	
sessions: in 2022 those include	
services, mental health supp	
meetups, and doctoral program	
provide opportunities to meet	
and learn about their spec	
programs, including the 11-mor	
MPH programs, host events t	o provide new graduate
students with an overview	of degree requirements,
program policies, student rese	purces, and research and
service opportunities. The o	nline MPH program has

virtual orientations for the fall and spring incoming	
cohorts that are conducted over a one-week period.	
All undergraduate students newly admitted to the public	
health major are invited to participate in an online new	
student orientation program conducted by the academic	
advisors after the fall and spring application cycles.	
In addition to the school's student handbook, each	
program has a program-specific student handbook, each	
course requirements and recommended course	
sequencing: most also include descriptions of the advising	
process, including expectations for student initiative in	
that process.	
The 2022 annual exit survey (66% response rate)	
documented that over 90% of graduate students were	
satisfied or very satisfied with academic advising in terms	
of the knowledge of their faculty advisor in their specific	
field and in general in the field of public health; 79% were	
satisfied with the availability and accessibility of their	
faculty advisor. From the undergraduate student exit	
survey (71% response rate), students rated satisfaction	
(satisfied or very satisfied) with public health academic	
advisors at 78% regarding selecting courses and at 89% for	
establishing a plan to complete the major.	
During the site visit, students from both the residential	
and online programs reported that faculty advisors and	
program managers were readily available to provide	
guidance, resolve issues, and ensure the student remains	
on track for graduation. After describing the ways they	
support students, one program manager summarized	

with "we are the one who make things happen" for	
students.	

H2. CAREER ADVISING

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Students have access to qualified advisors who are actively engaged & knowledgeable about the workforce & provide career placement advice Variety of resources & services are available to current students Variety of resources & services are available to alumni		The school's career services team, located within the RISE, consists of the director of career services (1.0 FTE) and two career and practicum specialists (2.0 FTE). The masters-trained director, who was recruited from the university's career center four years ago, has extensive experience with graduate and undergraduate students in healthcare and public health fields. The specialists have master's degrees in counseling and extensive experience in career development with graduate students and early-career professionals. Specialists complete an extensive onboarding and training process facilitated by the director, including significant shadowing, and receive ongoing training on best practices in counseling techniques, public health careers, and technical systems. The career services team provides one-on-one career counseling, practicum support for MPH students, an online platform for students and alumni, employer and community partnerships, trainings and workshops, and accessible digital resources. Students and alumni may schedule one-on-one counseling regarding career development, job search, networking, job offers, resume writing, application for professional or advanced degrees, etc. In 2021-22, 2.0 FTE staff provided 840 one-on-one sessions. In January 2020, career services launched the		

PHLEX to manage appointments; support students		
searching for educational and job opportunities; post		
school, employer, and community events and		
opportunities; and structure practicum support services.		
In 2021-22, career services hosted 1,355 postings on		
PHLEX: the majority were full-time jobs, 222 were		
practicum opportunities, and 143 were on-campus		
student positions. Through PHLEX, career services		
distribute a weekly student digest of new opportunities		
and upcoming deadlines for jobs, fellowships, and		
practicums. The RISE office uses an internal Google site,		
accessible to users within the berkeley.edu domain, to		
house digital resources such as sample resumes and cover		
letters, job search guides, and video recordings of past		
virtual events.		
virtual events.		
Undergraduate public health students primarily receive		
career support services from the campus career center.		
Services available include advising appointments (online		
and in-person), access to Handshake (job portal), job		
search skills (resume and cover letter assistance,		
networking, interviewing), support in identifying		
internships, fellowships, and research opportunities,		
graduate school resources, and career fairs, workshops,		
events, and courses. Undergraduate public health majors		
also have access to PHLEX. The undergraduate program		
promotes on-campus and off-campus career		
opportunities and public health events through a weekly		
newsletter that is sent out to prospective students, public		
health majors, and global public health minors.		
The school hosted its 22nd annual Career Café in 2022.		
Career services staff recruited public health professionals		
	1	1]

to serve as breakout group hosts for a virtual event that		
invites current students to learn about diverse career		
paths within public health through small-group		
networking with alumni/professionals around various		
themes (healthcare operations, community-engaged		
research). The 2022 event had 27 professionals (70% were		
alumni) interact with over 100 students. In February 2022,		
career services staff recruited 15 professionals to serve as		
mock interviewers for 30-minute virtual sessions with		
graduate students: 47 mock interviews were scheduled.		
Three years after graduation, an MPH alumna made		
extensive use of career services to explore a job change		
into a new sector, handle the application and interview		
process, consider multiple offers, and negotiate for her		
new position.		
In the 2022 exit survey (140 respondents, 66% response		
rate), 77% of graduate students reported being satisfied		
or very satisfied with the RISE office, including career		
services. For undergraduate students, 60-65% were		
satisfied or very satisfied and 30-35% were neutral		
regarding advice on career options from both public		
health academic advisors and faculty advisors. The		
responses were similar regarding providing networking		
contacts.		
During the site visit, school leaders noted the important		
role of the RISE career services team in preparing and		
supporting students as they enter the workforce or		
pursue further graduate study. Students and faculty both		
reported the equally important role of faculty in providing		
individualized career advice during academic advising and		
collaboration for capstone projects. Students reported		
benefiting from connections with alumni that were		
	I	I

facilitated by the career services team. During the site	
visit, alumni reported strong enduring connections with	
and career advice from faculty after graduation.	

H3. STUDENT COMPLAINT PROCEDURES

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
		_		
Defined set of policies & procedures		The school's student handbook has sections devoted to	Click here to enter text.	
govern informal complaint		the school's grade grievance and appeals procedures and		
resolution & formal student		to graduate appeal procedures with hyperlinks to relevant		
complaints & grievances		university policies and procedures. The grounds for grade		
Procedures are clearly articulated &		grievances include the following: application of non-		
communicated to students		academic criteria, such as considerations of race, politics,		
Depending on the nature & level of		religion, sex, or other criteria not directly reflective of		
each complaint, students are		performance related to course requirements; sexual		
encouraged to voice concerns to		harassment, and improper academic procedures that		
unit officials or other appropriate		unfairly affect a student's grade.		
personnel				
Designated administrators are		Graduate appeal procedures provide a graduate student		
charged with reviewing & resolving		an opportunity to resolve complaints about dismissal		
formal complaints		from graduate standing, placement on probationary		
All complaints are processed &		status, denial of readmission to the same program,		
documented		disputes over joint authorship of research in accordance		
		with joint authorship policies of campus departments or		
		units, and other administrative or academic decisions that		
		terminate or otherwise impede progress toward		
		academic or professional degree goals.		
		For grade appeals, the student submits the case in writing		
		For grade appeals, the student submits the case in writing		
		to the school's assistant dean for students, who forms an		
		ad hoc grievance committee composed of three faculty		

members, including a committee chair, only two of whom	
may be from the same program. The grievance committee	
also includes two students in good standing appointed by	
the graduate student council. The grievance committee's	
recommendation must be reviewed by the university's	
Committee on Courses of Instruction.	
The university's Office for the Prevention of Harassment	
and Discrimination oversees campus compliance with	
University of California and UC Berkeley policies	
prohibiting protected category discrimination and	
harassment (including sexual harassment and violence). It	
maintains a detailed website with policies and	
procedures, and related procedural flow charts, for	
students, faculty, and staff. The university also has an	
Ombuds Office for Students and Postdoctoral Appointees,	
which has a mission to provide an informal dispute	
resolution process in which the Ombudsperson advocates	
for fairness, justice, respect for differences, and	
reasonable solutions to student and postdoctoral issues	
and concerns.	
When a concern is expressed by a student, the individual	
(faculty, staff, or other campus official) hearing the	
concern encourages the student to bring the issue to the	
attention of the school's assistant dean for students, the	
chief of diversity, equity, inclusion and belonging, or other	
student services staff or faculty. It is the school's desire to	
resolve the issue with the least disruption to the student	
through informal discussions with the instructor or faculty	
advisor. During the site visit, the chief of diversity, equity,	
inclusion, and belonging (DEIB) reported maintaining a	
spreadsheet of all concerns received. Annually, she	
summarizes the nature of those concerns and resolutions	

in a report for school leadership and faculty. The chief of DEIB noted that many students just want to come forward to let someone that they trust be aware of their observation or concern.	
to let someone that they trust be aware of their	
observation or concern.	
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If the student is not comfortable with the school's	ſ
process, the assistant dean for students will refer the	ſ
student to the campus ombudsperson for consultation	ſ
and mediation. The ombudsperson will schedule an	ſ
informal meeting with the student and others involved. If	ſ
these informal procedures fail to settle the matter, the	ſ
student may initiate a formal grievance within the school.	
A student may make a complaint directly to the university.	ſ
	ſ
In the past three years, there have been two formal	ſ
student complaints. A DrPH student filed a complaint	ſ
against a faculty member for differential treatment by	ſ
race and for fostering an overall negative classroom	ſ
environment. The faculty member was informed of the	
complaint and there was a meeting with the faculty	ſ
member, the executive associate dean, the assistant dean	
for students, and the campus-wide vice provost for faculty	
equity and welfare. Ultimately, the faculty member was	
provided a list of resources to support behavior	
modification and was removed from the teaching team	
for the cohort for the following academic year to give	
them a chance to work on their teaching and to avoid	
further harm to the students. The faculty member also	
provided an unsolicited written apology to the students.	
An MPH student complained about mistreatment due to	
race in relation to an accusation of cheating. The situation	ſ
could not be resolved informally, and the school	
recommended that the student make a formal complaint	

to the university and allow the regular campus-wid process to unfold.		
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H4. STUDENT RECRUITMENT & ADMISSIONS

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Implements recruitment policies designed to locate qualified individuals capable of taking advantage of program of study & developing competence for public health careers Implements admissions policies designed to select & enroll qualified individuals capable of taking advantage of program of study & developing competence for public health careers	-	For the graduate programs, in-person and online admission and recruitment events are presented throughout the year. Online webinars with general information about degree options, application process, and tuition fees and financial aid are available about once a month, and attendance ranges from 20 to 50 participants. The admissions team also conducts office hours, workshops, and concentration specific events during the fall season with attendance ranging from five to 15 attendants. Annually, the school hosts campus-based sessions for prospective students. The master's pre-application advising session is hosted after the application period has opened to help prospective students learn about how to prepare a strong application and assess if the school is the right fit. About 125 to 135 prospective applicants attend. A fall conference hosted by current students engages about 100 prospective students both in person and online. The spring visit day engages about 130 to 150 admitted		
		students online and in person in getting to better know the school and the specific concentrations, faculty, and opportunities. In addition, the online MPH program actively recruits students year-round.		

The school also participates in professional and graduate	
recruitment activities for prospective students, including	
the annual APHA conference, the virtual This is Public	
Health Graduate School Fair, joint events hosted by	
Powerhouse, California Forum for Diversity in Graduate	
Education, UC Davis Pre-health Conference, UC Merced	
Graduate and Professional School Fair, NIH Graduate and	
Professional School Fair, Cal State University - East Bay,	
Graduate School Recruitment Fair at Morehouse College,	
and Boston College: Healthcare Graduate School Fair.	
Partnering with community-based organizations and	
professional programs such as Mentoring in Medicine and	
Science, California Department of Public Health-Cal State	
University Health Sciences Internship, Health Career	
Connection (HCC), and Americorps Health Fellows has	
allowed the school to broaden its reach with individuals	
from underrepresented backgrounds who already have	
demonstrated a commitment to pursuing public health,	
medical, or science careers.	
For the undergraduate major, UC Berkeley students apply	
to the public health major in their fourth or fifth term. The	
school coordinates with the Letters & Science College	
biological sciences advising neighborhood to share	
information about the major and to host joint information	
sessions during Golden Bear Orientation for incoming	
freshmen and transfer students. The public health major	
hosts two information sessions during the first week of	
classes, a general information session and a transfer-	
oriented information session. During the school year, the	
undergraduate public health program team, including	
student peer advisors, hosts general information and pre-	
application workshops with various partners on campus.	

The program also maintains a prospective student email	
listserv for students interested in the public health major	
or global public health minor.	
The university's graduate division dictates graduate	
program admissions requirements. Basic requirements	
include a bachelor's degree or recognized equivalent from	
an accredited institution; a satisfactory scholastic average,	
usually a minimum B average (3.0) or equivalent (focused	
on work completed in the last two years of a bachelor's	
degree program and in all post-baccalaureate	
coursework); enough undergraduate training to do	
graduate work in their chosen area of study; evidence of	
English language proficiency; and required applications	
materials, including CV or resume, statement of purpose,	
personal history statement, letters of recommendation,	
and transcripts. Students may submit an exception memo	
to the above requirements, which the dean of the	
graduate division would review and approve.	
In addition to the graduate division's requirements for	
admission, some programs have program-specific	
requirements for an application to be reviewed. For	
example, online MPH applicants need at least one college-	
level mathematics or statistics course completed with at	
least a grade of B+ or equivalent. DrPH applicants must	
have a minimum of two years of professional public health	
experience post-master's degree that shows progressive	
responsibility and evidence of leadership potential. Health	
policy and management 11-month MPH applicants must	
be clinicians holding doctoral degrees (MD, DDS, PharmD,	
etc.) or on that pathway (student, resident, fellow). The	
MPH and DrPH programs have made the GRE optional only	
through 2023, when the requirement will be reassessed.	

The GRE requirement for MS, MA, and PhD programs is at	
the discretion of the academic divisions.	
The school appoints a head graduate advisor (HGA) with	
oversight over admissions policies and practices for the	
MPH and DrPH programs. Academic graduate groups for	
MS, MA, and PhD programs have their own designated	
faculty HGA. The student services admissions and	
recruitment unit oversees centralized admissions	
procedures and policies. The admissions team and	
individual program managers serve as liaisons with the	
graduate division. Each academic program has its own	
processes for determining the makeup of its admissions	
committees. Most programs have a combination of faculty	
and student reviewers. DREAM (Diversity, Respect, Equity,	
Action, Multiculturalism) office staff support admissions	
committees by providing input and advocating for	
students from underrepresented backgrounds. Leadership	
encourages programs to have an equity advisor and	
individuals from a diversity of backgrounds on each	
committee.	
Individual programs use their own rubrics. Rubrics are to	
be holistic and include measures related to diversity and	
other non-cognitive measures. Each year, the admissions	
team and chief of DEIB offer holistic review and admissions	
training for reviewers. Programs recommend applicants	
for admission: the graduate division reviews/approves	
applicants and sends official offer letters. The application	
deadline is December 1 for most programs. Application	
review takes place between December and April with	
85-90% of applicants having an admissions decision before	
mid-March.	

The online MPH program is a professional self-supporting	
degree program with admissions review standards set by	
the director of academic advising and lead faculty of the	
interdisciplinary program. They review the standards	
annually to ensure compliance with graduate division	
requirements. The online MPH admissions and	
recruitment team oversees the application process.	
Within each area of study, the team sends completed	
applications to the faculty admissions committees for first	
and second application reviews with the academic lead	
faculty providing the final faculty review. The team	
submits admission recommendations to the graduate	
division for final review and approval.	
The public health undergraduate major has two	
application cycles, one at the end of fall semester and one	
at the end of the spring semester. Students must have	
completed specific courses as part of the admissions	
requirements (seven units of biological sciences, one year	
of math, and three social science courses) by the end of	
their fourth or fifth semester at UC Berkeley. Studentsmay	
not apply to the major past their fifth semester at UC	
Berkeley. The major will accept transfer credit, AP credit,	
and IB credit to fulfill some of the requirements. Student	
applications include statement of purpose (500-600 words	
total), personal history statement (400 words), unofficial	
transcripts, prerequisite information and GPA calculation	
form, and resume or CV. Students with a GPA of 2.75 or	
lower on the prerequisite course are asked to explain why	
they have been experiencing academic difficulties in their	
personal history statement.	
The school caps the public health major at 440 seats. If the	
total number of applicants keeps the total class size below	

440, the school admits all applicants without further	
review. If not, multiple committee members conduct a	
holistic review of all applicants and look at academics	
(grades and course load), leadership, work/volunteer	
experience, and essays. Academic performance and a	
student's ability to articulate their passion for public	
health are equally important in the review process.	
The school has been successful in meeting or exceeding its	
targets for enrollment of students accepted for admission	
to its graduate programs. In 2021-22, 59% of priority	
underrepresented students and 65% of priority first-	
generation students accepted offers of admission. During	
the site visit, school leaders noted that the biggest barrier	
to enrolling accepted students is the financial burden of	
the cost of living in the Bay Area.	
During the site visit, school and program leaders discussed	
their efforts to ensure that accepted students have the	
academic background to be successful in their graduate	
studies. They reported intentional efforts to be very	
transparent regarding the expected rigor or specific focus	
of what each degree program offers. DREAM office staff	
provide a one-week summer seminar just before the first	
day of class to provide some students with extra resources	
for a successful entry into the academic environment.	
Matriculating students also can access online resources to	
be better prepared for the required epidemiology and	
biostatistics courses.	
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H5. PUBLICATION OF EDUCATIONAL OFFERINGS

Criterion Elements	Compliance Finding	Team's Evidence for Compliance Finding	School/Program Response	Council Comments
	Met			
Catalogs & bulletins used to describe educational offerings are publicly available Catalogs & bulletins accurately		The university and the school provide current, accurate, and publicly available online resources, including course catalogs, academic calendars, admissions policies, grading policies, academic integrity standards, and degree	Click here to enter text.	
describe the academic calendar, admissions policies, grading policies, academic integrity standards & degree completion requirements		completion requirements.		
Advertising, promotional & recruitment materials contain accurate information				

AGENDA

Sunday, April 23, 2023

5:00 pm Site Visit Team Executive Session

Monday, April 24, 2023

8:45 am **Team Setup on Campus**

9:15 am Guiding Statements and Evaluation

Participants	Topics on which participants are prepared to answer team questions
1. Michael Lu, MD, MS, MPH - Dean	Guiding statements – process of development and review? (Criterion B1)
2. Julianna Deardorff, PhD - Associate Dean of Faculty and Academic Affairs	Evaluation processes – how does program collect and use input/data? (Criteria B2, F1)
3. Mahasin Mujahid, PhD, MS, FAHA - Epidemiology Division Head	Resources (personnel, physical, IT) – who determines sufficiency? Acts when additional
4. Jennifer Ahern, PhD, MPH - Associate Dean for Research	resources are needed? (Criteria C2-C5)
5. Deborah Barnett, PhD, MS - Chief of Curriculum & Instruction	Budget – who develops and makes decisions? (Criterion C1)
6. Ché L. Abram, MBA - Chief of Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Belonging	
7. Quin Hussey, MPH - Assistant Dean for Students	
8. Michelle Azurin, MPH - Associate Director of Admissions and Recruitment	
9. Denise Cronin - Assistant Dean for Financial Affairs & CFO	
10. Seana Van Buren - Assistant Dean of Administration & Chief of Staff	
11. Anne Clayman, JD, MBA - Senior Organizational Consultant	

10:30 am Break

Participants	Topics on which participants are prepared to answer team questions
1. Deborah Barnett, PhD, MS - Chief of Curriculum & Instruction	MPH & DrPH Foundational knowledge (Criterion D1)
2. Jay Graham, PhD, MBA, MPH - EHS/GHE MPH Faculty Program Director	Foundational competencies – didactic coverage and assessment (Criteria D2 & D3)
3. Sadie Costello, PhD, MPH - EHS Associate Adjunct Professor	MPH & DrPH Concentration competencies – development, didactic coverage, and assessment
4. Gladys Stout - EHS Program Manager	(Criterion D4)
5. Patrick Bradshaw, PhD - Epi Associate Professor	MPH & DrPH Integrative learning experiences (Criteria D7 & D8)
6. Mahasin Mujahid, PhD, MS, FAHA - Epidemiology Division Head	Public health bachelor's degrees (Criteria D9-D12)
7. Sandi McCoy, PhD, MPH - Epi Professor in Residence	Distance education (Criterion D19)
8. Lauren Krupa, MS - EPI/BIOS Program Manager	
9. Kim MacPherson, MPH, MBA - HPM MPH Faculty Director, MBA/MPH and MPP/MPH	
concurrent degrees	
10. Denise Herd, PhD - CHS Division Chair, HSB Faculty Program Director	
11. Jessica Ko, MA - HSB Program Manager	
12. Julie Deardorff, PhD - MCAH MPH Faculty Program Director	
13. Corinne Riddell, PhD, MSc - Biostatistics Assistant Adjunct Professor	
14. Carly Strouse, MPH, DrPH - DrPH Faculty Program Director	
15. Lisa Barcellos, PhD, MBA - Undergraduate Program Faculty Director	
16. Patricia Cruz - Undergraduate Academic Advisor & Co-Manager	
17. Lauren Magsanay, MA - Undergraduate Academic Advisor & Co-Manager	
18. Robin Flagg, PhD, MPH – HPM Lecturer	

10:45 am Curriculum 1 - MPH and DrPH Foundational Knowledge and Competencies, MPH (EHS, GHE, EPI, HSB, HPM, MCAH), MBA/MPH (HPM), MPP/MPH (HPM), MSW/MPH (HSB, MCAH), MCP/MPH (HSB, EHS), MJ/MPH (HSB, EHS, EPI/BIO), DrPH, BA

12:00 pm Break & Lunch in Executive Session

12:45 pm **Curriculum 2 - MPH (IDV, Interdisciplinary, PHN), MJ/MPH (IDV), PhD (IDI)**

Participants	Topics on which participants are prepared to answer team questions
1. Deborah Barnett, PhD, MS - Chief of Curriculum & Instruction	Concentration competencies – development, didactic coverage, and assessment (Criterion D4)
2. Fenyong Liu, PhD - Infectious Disease Professor	Integrative learning experiences (Criteria D7 & D8)
3. Eva Harris, PhD - IDI PhD Faculty Program Director	Academic public health degrees (Criteria D17)
4. Teresa Liu - IDV Program Manager	Distance education (Criteria D19)
5. Anke Hemmerling, PhD, MPH - Interdisciplinary MPH Faculty Program Director	
6. Barbara Laraia, PhD, MPH, RD - PHN Faculty Program Director	
7. Carol Hui, MS, RD - PHN Program Manager	

2:00 pm Break & Transport to Hotel

Participants	Topics on which participants are prepared to answer team questions	
1. Erin Buckner, 11-month MPH, MCAH	Student engagement in school operations (Criterion A3)	
2. Sylvana Marquina, 11-month MPH, MCAH	Curriculum (competencies, APE, ILE, etc.) (Criterion D)	
Sydney Tucker, 2-year MPH, Epidemiology	Resources (physical, faculty/staff, IT) (Criteria C2-C5)	
4. Alondra Ruiz, 2-year MPH, HPM	Involvement in scholarship and service (Criteria E4, E5, F2)	
5. Jeenal Mehta, 2-year MPH, HPM	Academic and career advising (Criteria H1 & H2)	
6. Annalisa Watson, 2-year MPH, MCAH	Diversity and cultural competence (Criterion G1)	
7. Maddy Griffith, 2-year MPH, MCAH	Complaint procedures (Criterion H3)	
8. Abena BakenRa, 4+1, Epidemiology		
9. Oscar Ramos, 4+1, Epidemiology		
10. Larissa Benjamin, DrPH		
11. Silvana Larrea Schiavon, DrPH		
12. Jessica Fields, JMP (MS, HMS)		
13. Alex Drakos, MBA/MPH		
14. Ariel Siegel, MPH, Health & Social Behavior, EPCC Student Representative		
15. Pamela Torresdey, MPH, Health Policy & Management, Student Government Co-Lead		
16. Brent Siegel, MPH, IDV		
17. Stephanie Pass, OOMPH, Epi/Bio		
18. Debbie Lindes, OOMPH, HPM		
19. Jacqueline Denkabe, OOMPH, PHN		
20. Agastya Mondal, PhD, Epidemiology		
21. Emily Liu, PhD, Epidemiology		

4:00 pm Site Visit Team Executive Session

5:00 pm Adjourn

Tuesday, April 25, 2023

8:45 am Team Setup on Campus

9:30 am Curriculum 3 - PhD (BIOS, EHS, EPI, HPM), MA (BIOS), MS (EHS, GHE, JMP - HMS), MPH APE, DrPH APE, OOMPH ILE

Participants	Topics on which participants are prepared to answer team questions
1. Deborah Barnett, PhD, MS - Chief of Curriculum & Instruction	Applied practice experiences (Criteria D5 & D6)
2. Alan Hubbard, PhD - Biostatistics Division Head	Academic public health degrees (Criteria D16 & D17)
3. Lauren Krupa, MS - EPI/BIOS Program Manager	Distance education (Criterion D19)
4. Sadie Costello, PhD, MPH - EHS Associate Adjunct Professor	
5. Gladys Stout - EHS Program Manager	
6. Mahasin Mujahid, PhD, MS, FAHA - Epidemiology Division Head	
7. Will Dow, PhD - HP PhD Faculty Director	
8. Jyothi Marbin, MD - JMP Faculty Program Director	
9. Gustavo Valbuena, MD, PhD - JMP Head of Foundational Sciences Through Problem Based	
Learning Curriculum	
10. Carly Strouse, MPH, DrPH - DrPH Faculty Program Director	
11. Jen Lachance, DrPH - DrPH Continuing Lecturer (DrPH APE)	
12. Caitlin Green, MA - Director of Career Services (MPH APE)	
13. Kandis Rodgers, MA - Career and Practicum Specialist (MPH APE)	
14. Evan vanDommelen-Gonzalez, DrPH, MPH - Berkeley Public Health Online Faculty	
Program Director	

10:45 am Break

11:00 am Instructional Effectiveness

Participants	Topics on which participants are prepared to answer team questions
1. Amanda Brewster, PhD, MSc - Assistant Professor of Health Policy and Management	Currency in areas of instruction & pedagogical methods (Criterion E1)
2. Sadie Costello, PhD, MPH - EHS Associate Adjunct Professor	Scholarship and integration in instruction (Criteria E3 & E4)
3. Alejandro Schuler, PhD - Biostatistics Assistant Professor in Residence	Extramural service and integration in instruction (Criterion E5)
4. Julianna Deardorff, PhD - Associate Professor and Program Head, MCAH; Associate Dean	Integration of practice perspectives (Criterion E2)
of Faculty and Academic Affairs	Professional development of community (Criteria F3)
5. Jennifer Ahern, PhD, MPH - Professor of Epidemiology; Associate Dean for Research	
6. Fenyong Liu, PhD - Infectious Disease Professor	
7. Deborah Barnett, PhD, MS - Chief of Curriculum & Instruction	

12:15 pm Break & Lunch in Executive Session

12:45 pm Strategies & Operations

Participants	Topics on which participants are prepared to answer team questions	
1. Michael Lu, MD, MS, MPH - Dean	Diversity and cultural competence – who develops the targets, who reviews the data and how	
2. Ché L. Abram, MBA - Chief of Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Belonging	are changes made based on the data? (Criterion G1)	
3. Julianna Deardorff, PhD - Associate Dean of Faculty and Academic Affairs	Recruiting and admissions, including who chose the measures and why did they choose them	
4. Michelle Azurin, MPH - Associate Director of Admissions and Recruitment	(Criterion H4)	
5. Caitlin Green, MA - Director of Career Services	Advising and career counseling, including who collects and reviews the data (Criteria H1 & H2)	
6. Quin Hussey, MPH - Assistant Dean for Students	Staff operations (Criterion C3)	
7. Seana Van Buren - Assistant Dean of Administration & Chief of Staff	Complaint procedures (Criterion H3)	
8. Denise Cronin - Assistant Dean for Financial Affairs & CFO		

1:45 pm Break & Transport to Hotel

Participants	Topics on which participants are prepared to answer team questions
1. Janet Leader - PHAA Board (MPH 1983)	Involvement in school evaluation & assessment (Criterion F1)
2. BingYune Chen - PHAA Board (MPH 2010)	Perceptions of current students & school graduates
3. David Newhouse - PHAA Board (MPH 1979)	Perceptions of curricular effectiveness (Criterion B5)
4. Elizabeth Ly - PHAA Board (MPH 2019)	Applied practice experiences (Criteria D5 & D6)
5. Charis Baz - Alumni (MPH 2017)	Integration of practice perspectives (Criteria D7 & D8)
6. Dick Levy - Dean's Advisory Board	School delivery of professional development opportunities (Criterion F3)
7. Michael Bird - Dean's Advisory Board (MPH 1983)	
8. Jane Garcia - Changemakers External Task Force (MPH 1980)	
9. Tammy Pilisuk - Internship/Practicum Preceptor, CDPH Immunization Branch	
10. Roberto Vargas - Internship/Practicum Preceptor, Contra Costa Regional Medical Center	
11. David Moore - Internship/Practicum Preceptor, Intrinsic Environment, Health & Safety	
12. Alli Cuentos - Internship/Practicum Preceptor, SisterWeb	
13. Wendi Gosliner, Internship/Practicum Preceptor, Project Scientist/Unit Director, Nutrition	
Policy Institute	
14. Lony Haley Nelson, Internship/Practicum Preceptor, Training, Exercise and Credentialing	
Coordinator, San Francisco Department of Emergency Management (SFDEM)	

3:00 pm Stakeholder/ Alumni Feedback & Input (hosted via Zoom)

4:00 pm Site Visit Team Executive Session

5:00 pm Adjourn

Wednesday, April 26, 2023

8:30 am University Leaders (hosted via Zoom)

Ра	rticipants	Topics on which participants are prepared to answer team questions	
1.	Ben Hermalin, PhD - Executive Vice Chancellor and Provost	School's position within larger institution (Criteria A1 & A4)	
2.	Vicky Plaut, PhD, MSc - Vice Provost for the Faculty	Provision of school-level resources (Criterion C)	
3.	Lisa Garcia Bedolla, PhD - Vice Provost for Graduate Studies and Dean of the Graduate	Institutional priorities	
	Division		
4.	Dania Matos, JD - Vice Chancellor for the Division of Equity & Inclusion		
5.	Rachel Morello-Frosch, PhD, MPH - Budget Committee Member, Academic Senate / EHS		
	Professor, SPH		

- 9:00 am Break & Check Out of Hotel
- 10:00 am Site Visit Team Executive Session
- 12:00 pm Site Visit Team Working Lunch
- 1:00 pm Exit Briefing